

## 2009-10

Academic Regulations 2009 for B. Tech (Regular)

(Effective for the students admitted into I year from the Academic Year 2009-2010 onwards)

## 1. Award of B.Tech. Degree

A student will be declared eligible for the award of the B.Tech. Degree if he fulfils the following academic regulations:

**i.** Pursue a course of study for not less than four academic years and in not more than eight academic years.

ii. Register for 220 credits and secure all 220 credits

**2.** Students, who fail to fulfil all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within eight academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech course and their admission is cancelled.

## 3. Courses of study

The courses of study are offered at present for specialization for the B. Tech. Course:

S.No.	Branch
1.	Aeronautical Engineering.
2.	Biotechnology.
3.	Civil Engineering.
4.	Computer Science and Engineering.
5.	Computer Science and System Engineering.
6.	Electrical and Electronics Engineering.
7.	Electronics and Communication Engineering.
8.	Electronics and Computer Engineering.
9.	Electronics and Control Engineering.
10.	Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering.
11.	Information Technology.
10	

12. Mechanical Engineering.

and any other course as approved by the authorities of the University from time to time.

#### 4. Credits

	I Year		Semester			
	Periods / Week Credits		Periods / Week	Credits		
Theory	03	06	03	04		
	02	04				
Practical	03	04	03	02		
Drawing	06	06	03	02		
			06	04		
Seminar			6	02		
Project			15	10		

## 5. Distribution and Weightage of Marks

- i. The performance of a student in each semester / I year shall be evaluated subject –wise with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 75 marks for practical subject. In addition seminar and project work shall be evaluated for 50 and 200 marks respectively.
- ii. For theory subjects the distribution shall be 30 marks for Internal Evaluation and 70 marks for the End-Examination.
- iii. For theory subjects, during the semester there shall be <u>Two</u> midterm examinations. Each mid term examination consists of objective paper for 10 marks and subjective paper for 20 marks with duration of 1hour 50 minutes (20 minutes for objective and 90 minutes for subjective paper).

Objective paper is set for 20 bits for 10 marks. Subjective paper shall contain 5 questions of which student has to answer 3 questions evaluated\* for 20 marks. First mid term examination shall be conducted for I-IV units of syllabus and second mid term examination shall be conducted for V -VIII units. The total marks secured by the student in each mid term examination for 30 marks is considered and the <u>better of the two</u> mid term examinations shall be taken as the final sessional marks secured by each candidate in the subject.

However for first year, there shall be <u>Three</u> midterm examinations as in the above pattern and the average marks of the <u>best two</u> midterm examinations secured in each subject shall be considered as final marks for sessionals. 2009-10

\*Note 1: The subjective paper shall contain 5 questions of equal weightage of 10 marks and the marks obtained for 3questions shall be condensed to 20 marks, any fraction rounded off to the next higher mark

\*Note 2: The mid term examination shall be conducted first by distribution of the Objective paper simultaneously marking the attendance, after 20minutes the answered objective paper is collected back. The student is not allowed to leave the examination hall. Then the descriptive question paper and the answer booklet are distributed. After 90minutes the answered booklets are collected back.

- iv. For practical subjects there shall be a continuous evaluation during the semester for 25 sessional marks and 50 end examination marks. Day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 25 marks by the concerned laboratory teacher based on the report of experiments/jobs. The end examination shall be conducted by the laboratory teacher and another examiner.
- v. For the subject having design and / or drawing, such as Engineering Drawing, Machine Drawing and estimation, the distribution shall be 30 marks for internal evaluation and 70 marks for end examination. The Internal evaluation for sessionals will be 15 marks for day-to-day work in the class that shall be evaluated by the concerned subject teacher based on the reports/submissions prepared in the class. And there shall be two midterm exams in a Semester for a duration of 2hrs each, evenly distributed over the syllabi for 15 marks and the better of the two shall be considered as internal test marks. The sum of day to day evaluation and the internal test marks will be the final sessionals for the subject. However in the I year class, there shall be three midterm exams and the average of best two will be taken into consideration.
- vi. There shall be a seminar presentation in IV year II Semester. For the seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic and prepare a technical report, showing his understanding over the topic, and submit to the department before presentation. The report and the presentation shall be evaluated by the Departmental committee consisting of Head of the department, seminar supervisor and a senior faculty member. The

seminar shall be evaluated for 50 marks and marks shall be submitted to the University along with internal marks. There shall be no external examination for seminar.

- vii. Out of a total of 200 marks for the project work, 60 marks shall be for Internal Evaluation and 140 marks for the End Semester Examination (Viva-voce). The viva-voce shall be conducted by a committee consisting of HOD, Project Supervisor and an External Examiner nominated by the University. The evaluation of project work shall be conducted at the end of the IV year. The Internal Evaluation shall be made by the departmental committee, on the basis of two seminars given by each student on the topic of his project.
- viii.Laboratory marks and the sessional marks awarded by the College are not final. They are subject to scrutiny and scaling by the University wherever necessary. In such cases, the sessional and laboratory marks awarded by the College will be referred to a Committee. The Committee will arrive at a scaling factor and the marks will be scaled as per the scaling factor. The recommendations of the Committee are final and binding.
- ix. The laboratory records and internal test papers shall be preserved in the respective institutions as per the University norms and shall be produced to the Committees of the University as and when the same are asked for.

## 6. Attendance Requirements:

- i. A student shall be eligible to appear for University examinations if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects in a semester/ I year.
- ii. Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in <u>NO</u> case be condoned.
- iii. Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester or I year may be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- iv. Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester / I year are not eligible to take their end examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- v. A student will not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the present semester / I

year, as applicable. They may seek readmission for that semester / I year when offered next.

vi. A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance to the University.

## 7. Minimum Academic Requirements:

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no.6

- i. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory, practical, design, drawing subject or project if he secures not less than 35% of marks in the end examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the internal evaluation and end examination taken together. In the Seminar he should secure 40%.
- ii. A student shall be promoted from II to III year only if he fulfils the academic requirement of securing **40** credits from
- a. One regular and one supplementary examinations of I year.
- b.One regular examination of II year I semester irrespective of whether the candidate takes the end examination or not as per the normal course of study.
- iii. A student shall be promoted from third year to fourth year only if he fulfils the academic requirements of securing **68** credits from the following examinations,
- a. Two regular and two supplementary examinations of I year.
- b. Two regular and one supplementary examinations of II year I semester.
- c. One regular and one supplementary examinations of II year II semester.
- d. One regular examination of III year I semester. irrespective of whether the candidate takes the end examination or not as per the normal course of study.

And in case of getting detained for want of credits by sections ii and iii above, the student may make up the credits through supplementary exams of the above exams before the date of class work commencement of Third or Fourth year I semester respectively.

- iv. A student shall register and put up minimum attendance in all 220 credits and earn all the 220 credits. Marks obtained in all 220 credits shall be considered for the calculation of percentage of marks obtained.
- v. Students who fail to earn 220 credits as indicated in the course structure within eight academic years from the year of their admission shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech course and their admission shall stand cancelled.

#### 8. Course pattern:

- i. The entire course of study is of four academic years. The first year shall be on yearly pattern and the second, third and fourth years on semester pattern.
- ii. A student eligible to appear for the end examination in a subject, but absent at it or has failed in the end examination may appear for that subject at the next supplementary examination offered.
- iii. When a student is detained due to lack of credits / shortage of attendance he may be re-admitted when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations, whereas he continues to be in the academic regulations he was first admitted.

## 9. Transitory Regulations:

Candidates who have been detained for want of attendance or not fulfilled academic requirements or who have failed after having undergone the course in earlier regulations or have discontinued and wish to continue the course are eligible for admission into the unfinished semester from the date of commencement of class work with the same or equivalent subjects as and when subjects are offered, subject to Section 2. and they continues to be in the academic regulations they were first admitted.

## 10. With-holding of results:

If the candidate has any dues not paid to the university or if any case of indiscipline or malpractice is pending against him, the result of the candidate shall be withheld and he will not be allowed / promoted into the next higher semester. The issue of degree is liable to be withheld in such cases.

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## 11. Award of Class:

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

Class Awarded	% of marks to be	
	secured	
First Class with Distinction	70% and above	From the
First Class	Below 70% but not	aggregate
	less than 60%	marks
Second Class	Below 60% but not	secured for
	less than 50%	the best 220
Pass Class	Below 50% but not	Credits.
	less than 40%	

(The marks in internal evaluation and end examination shall be shown separately in the marks memorandum)

#### **12. Minimum Instruction Days:**

The minimum instruction days including exams for each semester / I year shall be 90/180 days respectively.

- **13.** There shall be no branch transfers after the completion of admission process.
- 14. There shall be no place transfer within the Constituent Colleges.

#### 15. General:

- i. The academic regulations should be read as a whole for purpose of any interpretation.
- ii. Malpractices rules- nature and punishments is appended
- iii. Where the words —he||, —him||, —his||, occur in the regulations, they include —she||, —her||, —hers||.
- iv. In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- v. The University may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments shall be made applicable to all the students on roles with effect from the dates notified by the University.

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### ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B. TECH. (LATERAL ENTRY SCHEME)

(Effective for the students getting admitted into II year through Lateral Entry Scheme from the Academic Year 2010-2011 and onwards)

## 1. Award of B.Tech. Degree

A student admitted in LES will be declared eligible for the award of the B. Tech Degree if he fulfils the following academic regulations:

- i. Pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and in not more than six academic years.
- ii. Register for 168 credits and secure all 168 credits from II to IV year of Regular B.Tech. program
- 2. Students, who fail to fulfil the requirement for the award of the degree in <u>six</u> consecutive academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat.
- 3. The regulations 3 to 6 are to be adopted as that of B. Tech. (Regular).

## 7. Minimum Academic Requirements :

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no.6

i. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory, practical, design, drawing subject or project if he secures not less than 35% of marks in the end examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the internal evaluation and end examination taken together. For the Seminar he should secure 40% in the internal evaluation.

ii. A student shall be promoted from third year to fourth year only if he fulfils the academic requirements of 42 credits from the following examinations.

- a. Two regular and one supplementary examinations of II year I semester.
- b. One regular and one supplementary examinations of II year II semester.
- c. One regular examination of III year I semester.

irrespective of whether the candidate takes the end examination or not as per the normal course of study.

and in case of getting detained for want of credits the student may make up the credits through supplementary exams of the above exams before the date of class work commencement of Fourth year I semester.

#### 8. Course Pattern

- i. The entire course of study is three academic years on semester pattern.
- ii. A student eligible to appear for the end examination in a subject, but absent at it or has failed in the end examination may appear for that subject at the next supplementary examination offered.
- iii. When a student is detained due to lack of credits / shortage of attendance he may be re-admitted when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations, whereas he continues to be in the academic regulations he was first admitted.
- 9. The regulations 9 to 10 are to be adopted as that of B. Tech. (Regular).

#### 11. Award of Class:

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

First Class with Dist	inction	70% and above	From the
First Class	]	Below 70% but not	aggregate
		less than 60%	marks secured
Second Class		Below 60% but not	for 168
		less than 50%	Credits.
Pass Class	]	Below 50% but not	(i.e. II year to
	1	less than 40%	IV year)

(The marks in internal evaluation and end examination shall be shown separately in the marks memorandum)

**12**. The regulations **12** to **15** are to be adopted as that of B. Tech. (Regular). All other regulations as applicable for B. Tech. Four-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme)

## RULES FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR MALPRACTICES / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
	If the candidate:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b) •	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	<b>1</b>
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate

	practical) in which the candidate	practical examinations and
	is appearing.	project work and shall not be
	is appearing.	1 0
		permitted to appear for the
		remaining examinations of the
		subjects of that Semester/year.
		The Hall Ticket of the
		candidate is to be cancelled
		and sent to the University.
3.	Impersonates any other candidate	The candidate who has
	in connection with the	impersonated shall be expelled
	examination.	from examination hall. The
		candidate is also debarred and
		forfeits the seat. The
	<i><i>b</i></i>	performance of the original
		candidate who has been
		impersonated, shall be
		cancelled in all the subjects of
		the examination (including
		practicals and project work)
		already appeared and shall not
		be allowed to appear for
		examinations of the remaining
		subjects of that semester/year.
		The candidate is also debarred
		for two consecutive semesters
		from class work and all
		University examinations. The
		continuation of the course by
		the candidate is subject to the
		academic regulations in
		connection with forfeiture of
		seat. If the imposter is an
		outsider, he will be handed
		over to the police and a case is
		registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or	Expulsion from the
	additional sheet or takes out or	examination hall and
	arranges to send out the question	cancellation of performance in
	ananges to send out the question	currentation of performance in

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	paper during the examination or	that subject and all the other
	answer book or additional sheet,	subjects the candidate has
	during or after the examination.	already appeared including
		practical examinations and
		project work and shall not be
		permitted for the remaining
		examinations of the subjects of
		that semester/year. The
		candidate is also debarred for
		two consecutive semesters
		from class work and all
		University examinations. The
		continuation of the course by
		the candidate is subject to the
		academic regulations in
		connection with forfeiture of
		seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or	
	offensive language in the answer	performance in that subject.
	paper or in letters to the	
	examiners or writes to the	
	examiner requesting him to	
	award pass marks.	
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the	In case of students of the
3	Chief Superintendent/Assistant –	college, they shall be expelled
	Superintendent / any officer on	from examination halls and
	duty or misbehaves or creates	cancellation of their
	disturbance of any kind in and	performance in that subject and
	around the examination hall or	all other subjects the
	organizes a walk out or instigates	candidate(s) has (have) already
	others to walk out, or threatens	appeared and shall not be
	the officer-in charge or any	permitted to appear for the
	person on duty in or outside the	remaining examinations of the
	examination hall of any injury to	subjects of that semester/year.
	his person or to any of his	The candidates also are
	relations whether by words,	
	either spoken or written or by	In case of outsiders, they will
	signs or by visible representation,	be handed over to the police

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	assaults the officer-in-charge, or	and a police case is registered
	any person on duty in or outside	against them.
	the examination hall or any of his	
	relations, or indulges in any other	
	act of misconduct or mischief	
	which result in damage to or	
	destruction of property in the	
	examination hall or any part of	
	the College campus or engages in	
	any other act which in the	
	opinion of the officer on duty	
	amounts to use of unfair means	
	or misconduct or has the	
	tendency to disrupt the orderly	$\mathbf{X}$
	conduct of the examination.	
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking	Expulsion from the
	away answer script or	examination hall and
	intentionally tears of the script or	cancellation of performance in
	any part thereof inside or outside	that subject and all the other
	the examination hall.	subjects the candidate has
		already appeared including
		practical examinations and
		project work and shall not be
		permitted for the remaining
		examinations of the subjects of
		that semester/year. The
		candidate is also debarred for
		two consecutive semesters
		from class work and all
		University examinations. The
		continuation of the course by
		the candidate is subject to the
		academic regulations in
		connection with forfeiture of
		seat.
8.	Possess any lethal weapon or	
5.	firearm in the examination hall.	examination hall and
		cancellation of the

		performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	performance in that subject and
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and

		project work and shall not be					
		permitted for the remaining					
		examinations of the subjects of					
		that semester/year.					
11.	Copying detected on the basis of	Cancellation of the					
	internal evidence, such as, during	performance in that subject and					
	valuation or during special	all other subjects the candidate					
	scrutiny.	has appeared including					
	2	practical examinations and					
		project work of that					
		semester/year examinations.					
12.	If any malpractice is detected						
	which is not covered in the above						
	clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported						
	to the University for further						
	action to award suitable						
	punishment.						
	1	a Vinati ai latana					

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

- 1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above guidelines.
- 2. Punishment for institutions : (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
- (i) A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
- (ii) Impose a suitable fine on the college.

Shifting the examination centre from the college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

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# Course structure for B.Tech. (Regular) I year (2009-10) for affiliated Engineering Colleges.

#### ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (E.E.E.) (Common for Branches: E.C.E., E.E.E., E.I.E., C.S.E., I.T., C.S.S.E., E.Cont.E., E.C.M.)

Sl. No		Subject	Th	Tu	/Dr b	g/La	Credits
1.	9ABS101	English	2				4
2.	9ABS102	Engineering Physics	24		X		4
3.	9ABS103	Engineering Chemistry	2			(	4
4.	9ABS104	Mathematics – I	3	1		/-	6
5.	9A05101	Programming in C and Data Structures	3	1	-	-	6
6.	9A03101	Engineering Drawing *		-	6	-	6
7.	9ABS105	Mathematical Methods	3	1	-	-	6
8.	9A05102	C Programming & Data		-	-	3	4
		Structures Lab					
9.	9A03102	Engineering & I.T. Workshop #		-	-	3	4
10	9ABS106	Engineering Physics and Engineering Chemistry Lab **		-	-	3	4
11	9ABS107	English Language & Communication Skills Lab		-	-	3	4
			15	3	6	12	
	contact periods/week		Tota	l/we	ek	36	
	То	tal Credits (7 Theory + 4 I	.abs)				52

Th = Theory; Tu = Tutorial; Drg = Drawing & Lab = Laboratory:

\* Engineering Drawing will have University External Exam.

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\*\* The Students attend the Physics lab and Chemistry lab in alternate weeks. The end exam shall be conducted separately and average of the two exams will be recorded by the University exam section.

# Students attend Engineering and IT work shop as a single lab every week and the end exam is conducted as a single lab. Sharing the Maximum marks and time for one task each from Engineering workshop and IT workshop. The sum of the marks awarded will be recorded

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# ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (E.E.E.)

#### II Year B.Tech - I Semester

					100	
S1.	Course	Subject	Theor		Lab.	Credits
No	code		у			
1.	9ABS302	Mathematics III	4			4
2.	9ABS303	Environmental Science	4			4
3.	9A01308	Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machinery	4			4
4.	9A04301	Electronic Devices and circuits	4			4
5.	9A02305	Electrical Circuits	4			4
6.	9A02308	Electrical Machines -I	4			4
7.	9A01309	Basic Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic machines lab			3	2
8.	9A04302	Electronic Devices & circuits lab			3	2
		contact periods/week	24 Total/W	/eek	6 30	
	To	otal Credits (6 Theory + 2 I	Labs)			28

## II Year B.Tech - II Semester

Sl. No	Course code	Subject	Theory		Lab.	Credits		
1.	9A02404	Electromagnetic Fields	4			4		
2.	9A02403	Generation of Electric	4			4		
		Power						
3.	9A02405	Analog Electronic	4		Ż	4		
		Circuits						
4.	9A04401	Switching theory and	4			4		
		logic design						
5.	9A02406	Network Theory	4			4		
6.	9A02407	Electrical Machines -II	4			4		
7.	9A02408	Electrical Machines Lab			3	2		
		-I						
8.	9A02409	Electric circuits and			3	2		
		simulation lab						
			24		6			
		contact periods/week	Tetel/We	-1-	20			
			Total/Wee	ек	30	28		
Total Credits (6 Theory + 2 Labs)								

	ar B. I ech I-S	belli				1
SI. No	Course Code	Subject	L		Р	Credits
1.	9AHS401	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	4			4
2.	9A02501	Electrical & Electronic Measurements	4			4
3.	9A02502	Transmission of Electric Power	4			4
4.	9A02503	Control Systems	4			4
5.	9A02504	Power Electronics	4			4
6.	9A02505	Electrical Machines – III	4			4
7.	9A02506	Electrical Machines Lab – II			3	2
8.	9A02507	Control Systems and Simulation Lab			3	2
		contact period / week	24		6	
				al/W	eek 30	
	Тс	otal Credits (6 Theory + 2 Labs)	0			28

**III Year B.Tech I-Sem** 

SI. No	Course Code	Subject	L		Р	Credits
1.	9AHS701	Management Science	4			4
2.	9A02601	Power Semiconductor Drives	4			4
3.	9A02602	Power System Analysis	4			4
4.	9A04602	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	4	7		4
5.	9A02603	Power System Operation and Control	4			4
6.	9A10504	Linear & Digital IC Applications	4			4
7.	9AHS601	Advanced English Communication Skills Lab			3	2
8.	9A02604	Electrical Measurements Lab			3	2
		contact period / week	24		6	
	Total/Week			eek 30		
	Tota	l Credits (6 Theory + 2 Labs)	1/1			28

#### III Year B.Tech II-Sem

## IV Year B.Tech I-Sem

Sl. No	Course Code	Subject	L		Р	Credits
1.	9A02701	Distribution of Electric Power	4			4
2.	9A04603	Digital Signal Processing	4			4
3.	9A02702	Fundamentals of HVDC & FACTS Devices	4			4
4.	9A02703	Switch Gear and Protection	4			4
5.	9A02704 9A02705 9A02706	ELECTIVE - I 1. Instrumentation 2. High Voltage Engineering 3. Renewable Energy Sources	4			4
6.	9A02707 9A02708 9A02709	<ul> <li>ELECTIVE - II</li> <li>1. Soft Computing Techniques</li> <li>2. Reliability Engineering and Applications to Power Systems</li> <li>3. Optimization Techniques</li> </ul>	4			4
7.	9A02710	Microprocessors and microcontrollers lab			3	2
8.	9A02711	Power Electronics and Simulation Lab			3	2
		Contact period / week	24		6	
			Tota	al/W	eek 30	
	Tota	ll Credits (6 Theory + 2 Labs)				28

Sl.No	Course Code	Subject	L	Р	Credits
1.	9A02801	Principles of Power Quality	4		4
2.	9A02802	Utilization Of Electrical Energy	4		4
3.	9A02803 9A02804 9A02805	ELECTIVE – III 1. Modern Control Theory 2. Special Electrical Machines 3.Plc & Dcs - Its Applications	4		4
4.	9A02806 9A02807 9A02808	<ul> <li>ELECTIVE – IV</li> <li>1. Embedded Systems</li> <li>2. Design of Electrical Systems</li> <li>3. Energy Auditing &amp; Demand Side Management</li> </ul>	4		4
5.	9A02809	Seminar	2		2
6.	9A02810	Project			10
Т	otal/Week 1				
	Total Credi	ts (4 Theory + Seminar + Projec	t work	)	28

#### **IV Year B.Tech II-Sem**

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#### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### **Detailed Syllabus**

#### **B.Tech. I Year (E.E.E)**

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#### (9ABS101) ENGLISH INTRODUCTION :

The sweeping changes in the world have elevated English to the status of a tool of global communication and transformed it into e-English. The syllabus has been drafted to improve the competence of students in communication in general and language skills in particular. The books prescribed serve as students' handbooks.

The teacher should focus on the skills of reading, writing, listening and speaking while using the prescribed text and exercises. The classes should be interactive. The students should be encouraged to participate in the classroom proceedings and also to write short paragraphs and essays. The main aim is to encourage two way communications in place of the one-sided lecture.

The text for non-detailed study is meant for extensive reading by the students. They may be encouraged to read some select topics on their own, which could lead into a classroom discussion. In addition to the exercises from the texts done in the class, the teacher can bring variety by using authentic materials such as newspaper articles, advertisements etc.

#### 2. OBJECTIVES:

- a. To improve the language proficiency of the students in English with an emphasis on LSRW skills.
- b. To equip the students to study academic subjects with greater facility through theoretical and practical components of the syllabus.
- c. To develop study skills as well as communication skills in formal and informal situations.

## 3. SYLLABUS : Listening Skills:

#### Objectives

- 1. To enable students to develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate its role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation
- 2. To equip students with necessary training in listening so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and dialects.

Students should be given practice in listening and identifying the sounds of English language and to mark stress, right intonation in connected speech.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- · Listening for specific information

#### **Speaking Skills :**

Objectives

- 1. To make students aware of the role of ability to speak fluent English and its contribution totheir success.
- 2. To enable students to express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts.
  - Oral practice
  - Describing objects/situations/people
  - Role play Individual/Group activities
  - Just Minute (JAM) Sessions.

(Using exercises from all units of the prescribed text)

## **Reading Skills:**

Objectives

- 1. To develop an awareness in the students about the significance of silent reading and comprehension.
- 2. To develop the ability to guess the meanings of words from context and grasp the overall message of the text, draw inferences etc.
  - Skimming the text
  - Understanding the gist of an argument
  - Identifying the topic sentence

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- Inferring lexical and contextual meaning
- Understanding discourse features
- Recognizing coherence/sequencing of sentences

The students shall be trained in reading skills using the prescribed text for detailed study. They shall be examined in reading and answering questions using 'unseen' passages which may be taken from the nondetailed text or other authentic texts, such as articles from magazines/newspapers

## Writing Skills:

Objectives

- 1. To develop an awareness in the students the skill to write exact and formal writing
- 2. To equip them with the components of different forms of writing.
  - Writing sentences
  - Use of appropriate vocabulary.
  - Paragraph writing
  - Coherence and cohesiveness
  - Narration / description
  - Note Making
  - Formal and informal letter writing
  - Editing a passage

## 4. TEXTBOOKS PRESCRIBED:

In order to improve the proficiency of the student in the acquisition of the four skills mentioned above, the following texts and course content are prescribed and divided into Eight Units:

## For Detailed study: ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH,

Sangam Books (India) Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad, 2009 *For Non-detailed study:* **INSPIRING LIVES**.

Maruti Publications, Guntur, 2009

## UNIT -I

- a. Heaven's Gate from ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH
- b. Mokshagundam Visvesaraya from **INSPIRING LIVES**

#### UNIT -II

a. Sir C.V.Raman from ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISHb. Mother Teresa from INSPIRING LIVES

#### UNIT -III

a. The Connoisseur from ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH

b. Dr. Amartya Kumar Sen from INSPIRING LIVES

#### UNIT -IV

a. The Cuddalore Experience from ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH

b. Gertrude Elion from INSPIRING LIVES

#### UNIT -V

a. Bubbling Well Road from ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH

b. Vishwanathan Anand from INSPIRING LIVES

#### UNIT-VI

- a. Odds Against Us from ENJOYING EVERYDAY ENGLISH
- b. Charlie Chaplin from INSPIRING LIVES

#### UNIT – VII

Exercises on

Reading and Writing Skills Reading Comprehension Letter writing Report writing

#### UNIT – VIII

Exercises on

Remedial Grammar covering Common errors in English, Subject-Verb agreement,

Use of Articles and Prepositions, Active/Passive Voice, Reported speech, Tenses

Vocabulary development covering Synonyms & Antonyms, one-word substitutes, prefixes & suffixes, Idioms & phrases, words often confused.

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**Evaluation**: The question paper shall contain two parts, Part A containing questions from Units I- VI and Part B containing questions from units VII & VIII. The student is required to answer five full questions choosing at least one from Part B.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Technical Communication, Principle and Practice, Meenakshi Raman and Sangita Sharma, OUP, 2009
- 2. Essential Grammar in Use, (with CD) 3/e, Cambridge University Press, 2009
- 3. Resumes and Interviews, M.Ashraf Rizvi, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009
- 4. Everyday Dialogues in English by Robert J. Dixson, Prentice-Hall of India Ltd., 2006.
- 5. Communication Skills for Technical Students, Farhathullah, T.M., Orient Blackswan, 2008
- 6. Developing Communication Skills, 2/e. by Krishna Mohan & Meera Banerji , Macmillan, 2009
- 7. English for Technical Communication, Vol. 1 & 2, by K. R. Lakshmi Narayanan, Sci tech. Publications.
- 8. Basic Communication Skills For Technology, Andrea J Ruthurford, Pearson Education, Asia.
- 9. Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English with DVD, Pearson Longman

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#### (9ABS102) ENGINEERING PHYSICS

**UNIT I- OPTICS:** Interference - Interference in thin films by reflection - Newton's rings - Diffraction - Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit - Fraunhofer diffraction at a double slit - Diffraction grating - Grating spectrum - polarization - Nicol prism - Theory of circular and elliptical polarized light - Quarter and half wave plates.

UNIT II- CRYSTAL STRUCTURES AND X-RAY DIFFRACTION: Introduction -Space lattice - Basis - Unit cell -Lattice parameter - Bravais lattices - Crystal systems - Structure Simple cubic - Body Centered Cubic – Face Centered Cubic crystals - Miller indices of planes and directions in crystals – Separation between successive (h k l) planes - X-ray diffraction by crystal planes - Bragg's law – Laue and Powder methods.

**UNIT III- PRINCIPLES OF QUANTUM MECHANICS & ELECTRON THEORY:** Waves and Particles - de- Broglie's hypothesis – Heisenberg's uncertainty principle - Schroedinger's one dimensional wave equation (Time Independent) - Particle in a one dimensional potential box – Energy levels - Fermi-Dirac distribution and effect of Temperature (qualitative treatment only) – Scattering - Source of electrical resistance - Kronig-Penney model (qualitative treatment only) - energy bands – metals, semi conductors & insulators.

**UNIT IV- SEMICONDUCTORS:** Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors – Law of mass action – Continuity equation – Drift & diffusion - Einstein's relation – Hall effect – Direct & indirect band gap semiconductors – p-n junction - Band diagram of p-n junction diode – Diode Equation-LED, LCD & Photo diode.

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**UNIT V- MAGNETIC PROPERTIES:** Introduction - Origin of magnetic moment – Classification of magnetic materials - Dia, Para, Ferro, anti-Ferro and Ferri magnetism - Hysteresis - Soft and hard magnetic materials – Magnetic bubbles memory.

**DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES:** Introduction - Dielectric constant - Electronic, Ionic and Orientation polarizations (qualitative treatment only) - Local field - Clausius-Mossotti equation –Frequency dependence of polarisability (qualitative treatment only) – Ferro electricity- BaTio<sub>3</sub>.

**UNIT VI- SUPERCONDUCTIVITY:** General properties - Meissner effect - Penetration depth - Type I and Type II superconductors - Flux quantization – Josephson effects – BCS theory - Applications of superconductors.

**LASERS:** Introduction – Characteristics of laser - Spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation - Einstein's coefficients - Population inversion - Ruby Laser - Helium-Neon Laser – GaAs Laser - Applications of Lasers in Industry, Scientific and Medical fields.

**UNIT VII- FIBER OPTICS:** Introduction - Principle of optical fiber - Acceptance angle and Acceptance cone - Numerical aperture – Types of Optical fibers and refractive index profiles – Optical fiber communication systems - Application of optical fibers.

**UNIT VIII- NANOMATERIALS :** Introduction - Basic principles of nano materials - Fabrication of nano materials - ball milling -plasma arching - Chemical vapour deposition method - sol-gel methods - properties of nano materials - carbon nanotubes - properties and applications of carbon nano tubes - Applications of nano materials.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Physics by P.K.Palanisamy, Scitech Publications
- 2. Engineering Physics by V. Rajendran & K.Thyagarajan, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.
- 3. Engineering Physics by M.R.Srinivasan New Age Publications

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Physics Volume 2, by Halliday, Resnick and Krane; John Wiley India
- 2. Solid State Physics by C.Kittel, Wiley India
- 3. Engineering Physics by Mittal, I.K.International
- Introduction to Nanoscience & Nano Technology by K.K Chattopadhyay & A.N. Banarjee, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd

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#### (9ABS103) ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

**UNIT I: Water:** Sources of Water, Types of impurities in Water, Hardness of Water – Temporary and Permanent hardness. Units. Estimation of hardness by EDTA Method. Analysis of Water – Dissolved Oxygen. Disadvantages of Hard Water. Problems on hardness of water. Methods of Treatment of Water for Domestic Purpose – Sterilisation: Chlorination, Ozonisation.

**Water for Industrial purpose** Water for Steam Making, Boiler Troubles – Carry Over (Priming and Foaming), Boiler Corrosion, Scales and Sludge, Caustic Embrittlement. Water Treatment: - Internal Treatment – Colloidal, Phosphate, Calgon, Carbonate, Sodium aluminates Conditioning of Water. External Treatment - Ion- Exchange Process; Demineralization of Brakish Water – Reverse Osmosis.

**UNIT II: Science of Corrosion:** Definition, Types of corrosion: Dry Corrosion, (Direct Chemical attack), Wet Corrosion, Theories of Corrosion and Mechanism, Electro Chemical Theory of Corrosion. Galvanic Series, Galvanic Corrosion, Concentration Cell Corrosion, Oxygen absorption type. Factors Influencing Corrosion. Control of Corrosion – Cathodic Protection – Sacrificial anode and Impressed Current. Uses of Inhibitors. Electro Plating, and Electro less plating (copper and nickel)

**UNIT III: Polymers:** Polymerization Reactions – Basic concepts. Types of Polymerization – Addition and Condensation Polymerization. Plastics –Thermosetting and Thermoplastics. Composition, Properties and Engineering Uses of the Following: Teflon, Bakelite, Nylon. Rubber – Processing of Natural Rubber and Compounding. Elastomers – Buna S, Buna N, Polyurethane Rubber; Silicone Rubber. Conducting Polymers, Synthesis and applications of Polyacetylene and Poly aniline Liquid Crystals definition, properties, suitable examples and Engineering Applications **UNIT IV: Chemistry of nano materials:** Nano materials definition, properties and applications;

**Explosives and Propellants**: Explosives, Classification, precautions during storage, blasting fuses, important explosives. Rocket propellants, classification of propellants.

**Lubricants :**Principles and function of lubricants - Classification and properties of lubricants – Viscosity, flash and fire points, cloud and pour points, aniline point, Neutralisation Number and Mechanical Strength.

**UNIT V: Electro Chemistry:** Conductance – Equivalent Conductance

– Molecular Conductance, Conductometric Titrations – Applications of Conductivity Measurements.

**Electrochemical Cells:** Measurement of EMF, Standard electrode potential, concentration cells, batteries (Ni–Cd cell), Lithium batteries. Fuel cell: hydrogen oxygen fuel cell and methanol fuel cell

**Insulators** – Definition, Properties and Characteristics of Insulating Materials; Engineering Applications.

**UNIT VI: Phase rule:** Definition, Terms involved in Phase Rule and Phase rule equation. Phase diagrams – one component system (water system), two component system (lead- silver system) Eutectics, heat treatment based on iron-carbon phase diagram, hardening, annealing.

**UNIT VII: Fuels and Combustion:** Definition and Classification of fuels. Solid, liquid & gaseous fuels, Characteristics of a good fuel. Metallurgical Coke – Characteristics & Manufacture (Otto-Halfmann). Petroleum – Refining – Synthetic Petrol. Calorific Value & its determination (Bomb Calorimeter – Junker's Gas Calorimeter). Combustion: Flue gas analysis by Orsat's apparatus.

**UNIT VIII: Building Materials:** Cement: composition of Portland cement, analysis, setting and hardening of cement (reactions).

**Refractories :** Definition, Classification With Examples; Criteria of a Good Refractory Material; Causes for the failure of a Refractory Material

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## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Chemistry Prof. K.N.Jayaveera, Dr.G.V.Subba Reddy and Dr.C. Ramachandraiah, McGraw Hill Higher Education Hyd., 2009
- 2. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by S.S. Dara, S.Chand & Co, New Delhi (2008)
- 3. Text book of Engineering Chemistry by Jain & Jain, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, 15th edition New Delhi (2008).

## **REFERENCE**:

- Engineering Chemistry Dr. K. B. Chandrasekhar, Dr. U.N. Dash, Dr. Sujatha Mishra, Hyderabad. 2009
   Scitech Publications(India) Pvt. Limted, Scitech Publications(India)
- 2. Fuel Cells principles and applications by B.Viswanath, M.Aulice Scibioh-Universities press
- Chemistry of Engineering Materials by C.V. Agarwal, Tara Publication, Varanasi 20084. Physical Chemistry - Glasston & Lewis.
- 4. Engineering Chemistry (Vol.1&2) by J C Kuriacose and J. Rajaram, Tata McGraw-Hill Co, New Delhi (2004)
- 5. Applied Chemistry: A Text Book for chemistry for Engineers & Technologists, G.D. Gesser, Springer, 2000

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#### (9ABS104) MATHEMATICS – I

**UNIT I**– Differential equations of first order and first degree – Exact, linear and Bernoulli equations. Applications: to Newton's law of cooling, law of natural growth and decay, orthogonal trajectories.

**UNIT II**– Non-homogeneous linear differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients with RHS term of the type  $e^{ax}$ , Sin ax, cos ax, polynomials in x,  $e^{ax} V(x)$ , xV(x), method of variation of parameters.

**UNIT III**– Rolle's Theorem – Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem – (excluding proof). Simple examples of Taylor's and Maclaurin's Series

- Functions of several variables – Jacobian – Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables, Lagrangian method of Multipliers with three variables only.

## UNIT - IV

Raidus of Curvature – Curve tracing – Cartesian, polar and parametric curves. Applications of integration to lengths, volume and surface area of solids of revolution in Cartesian and polar coordinates

**UNIT V–** Multiple integral: – Double and triple integrals – Change of Variables – Change of order of integration.

**UNIT VI**– Laplace transform of standard functions – Inverse transform – First shifting Theorem, Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Unit step function – Second shifting theorem – Dirac's delta function – Convolution theorem – Laplace transform of Periodic function.

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**UNIT VII**– Differentiation and integration of Laplace transform – Application of Laplace transforms to ordinary differential equations of first and second order.

**UNIT VIII**– Vector Calculus: Gradient – Divergence – Curl and Their properties; Vector integration – Line integral - Potential function –

Area, Surface and volume integrals. Vector integral theorems: Green's theorem – Stoke's and Gauss's Divergence Theorem (excluding their proof). Verification of Green's–Stoke's and Gauss's Theorems.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Vol 1, T.K.V. Iyengar, B. Krishna Gandhi and Others, S. Chand & Company.
- 2. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, C. Sankaraiah, V.G.S. Book Links.
- 3. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics-1,E. Rukmangadachari, E. Keshava Reddy, Pearson Education.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, B.V. Ramana, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 2. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Thomson Book Collection.
- 3. A Text Book of Advanced Engineering Mathematics A Computer Approach, N.Bail, M.Goyal & C. Watkins.
- 4. Engineering Mathematics, Sarveswara Rao Koneru, Universities Press.

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#### (9A05101) PROGRAMMING IN C AND DATA STRUCTURES (Common to all Branches)

**UNIT I- Overview** of Computers and Programming - Electronic Computers then and Now, Computer Hardware, Computer Software, Algorithm, Flowcharts, Software Development Method, Applying the Software Development Method.

**UNIT II-** Introduction to C Language - C Language Elements, Variable Declarations and Data Types, Executable Statements, General Form of a C Program, Expressions, Precedence and Associativity, Expression Evaluation, Operators and Expressions, Type Conversions, Decision Statements - If and Switch Statements, Loop Control Statements - while, for, do-while Statements, Nested for Loops, Other Related Statements -break, continue, goto.

**UNIT III-** Functions - Library Functions, Top-Down Design and Structure Charts, Functions with and without Arguments, Communications Among Functions, Scope, Storage Classes - Auto, Register, Static, Extern, Scope rules, Type Qualifiers, Recursion - Recursive Functions, Preprocessor Commands.

Arrays - Declaring and Referencing Arrays, Array Subscripts, Using For Loops for Sequential Access, Using Array Elements as Function Arguments, Arrays Arguments, Multidimensional Arrays.

**UNIT IV-** Pointers - Introduction, Features of Pointers, Pointer Declaration, Arithmetic Operations With Pointers, Pointers and Arrays, Pointers and Two-Dimensional Arrays, Array of Pointers, Pointers to Pointers, Void Pointers, Memory Allocation Functions, Programming Applications, Pointer to Functions, Command-Line Arguments.

Strings - String Basics, String Library Functions, Longer Strings, String Comparison, Arrays of Pointers, Character operations, String-To-Number and Number-To- String Conversions, Pointers and Strings.

**UNIT V-** Structure and Union – Introduction, Features of Structures, Declaration and Initialization of Structures, Structure within Structure, Array of Structures, Pointer to Structure, Structure and Functions, typedef, Bit Fields, Enumerated Data Type, Union, Union of Structures.

**UNIT VI-** Files - Introduction, Streams and File Types, Steps for File Operations, File I/O Structures, Read and Write,\_Other File function, Searching Errors in Reading/Writing of Files, Low Level Disk I/O, Command Line Arguments, Application of Command Line Arguments, File Status functions (error handling).

**UNIT VII-** Data Structures - Overview of Data Structure, Representation of a Stack, Stack Related Terms, Operation on a Stack, Implementation of a Stack, Representation of Arithmetic Expressions, Infix, Prefix, and Postfix Notations, Evaluation of Postfix Expression, Conversion of Expression from Infix to Postfix, Recursion, Queues -Various Positions of Queue, Representation of Queue, Insertion, Deletion, Searching Operations.

Linked List - Singly Linked List, Linked List with and without header, Insertion, Deletion and Searching Operations.

**UNIT VIII-** Searching and Sorting - Exchange (Bubble) Sort, Selection Sort, Quick Sort, Insertion Sort, Merge Sort. Searching-Linear and Binary Search Methods.

## **TEXT BOOKS :**

- 1. Programming in C and Data Structures, J.R.Hanly, Ashok N. Kamthane and A. Ananda Rao, Pearson Education
- 2. C Programming & Data Structures, B.A.Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.

#### **REFERENCES** :

- 1. Programming in C Stephen G. Kochan, III Edition, Pearson Eductaion.
- 2. C Programming with problem solving, J.A. Jones & K. Harrow, Dreamtech Press

- 3. C and Data Structures, a snapshot oriented treatise with live engineering examples, Dr. N.B. Venkateswarlu, Dr. E.V.Prasad, S. Chand
- 4. C and Data Structures, E.Balaguruswamy, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- 5. Data Structures using C A.M.Tanenbaum, Y.Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, Pearson Education / PHI, Eighth Edition.

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#### (9A03101) ENGINEERING DRAWING (Common to all Branches)

**UNIT I**– INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance – Drawing Instruments and their Use – Conventions in Drawing – Lettering – BIS Conventions. Curves used in Engineering Practice:

- a) Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola General method only.
- b) Cycloid, Epicycloids and Hypocycloid
- c) Involutes.
- d) Helices

**UNIT II**– PROJECTION OF POINTS AND LINES: Principles of Orthographic Projection – Conventions – First and Third Angle Projections. Projections of Points, Lines inclined to one or both planes, Problems on projections. Finding True lengths & traces only.

**UNIT III**– PROJECTIONS OF PLANES: Projections of regular Plane surfaces/figures, Projection of lines and planes using auxiliary planes.

**UNIT IV– PROJECTIONS OF SOLIDS:** Projections of Regular Solids inclined to one or both planes – Auxiliary Views.

**UNIT V–** SECTIONS AND DEVELOPMENTS OF SOLIDS: Section Planes and Sectional views of Right Regular Solids–Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone. True shapes of the sections.

Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prisms, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone and their Sectional parts.

**UNIT VI–** ISOMETRIC AND ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS: Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views–

Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having nonisometric lines. Isometric projections of spherical parts.

Conversion of Isometric projections/views to Orthographic Views - Conventions.

**UNIT VII**– INTERPENETRATION OF RIGHT REGULAR SOLIDS: Projections of curves of Intersection of Cylinder Vs Cylinder, Cylinder Vs Prism, Cylinder Vs Cone, Square Prism Vs Square Prism.

**UNIT VIII**– PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS: Perspective View of Plane Figures and Simple Solids.Vanishing Point Method (General Methods only).

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Drawing, N.D. Bhat, Charotar Publishers
- 2. Engineering Drawing, Johle, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 3. Engineering Drawing, Shah and Rana, 2/e, Pearson Education

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Engineering Drawing and Graphics, Venugopal/ New age
- 2. Engineering Drawing, B.V.R. Guptha, J.K. Publishesrs
- 3. Engineering Drawing, K.L. Narayana, P. Khanniah, Scitech Pub.
- 4. Engineering Drawing, Venkata Reddy, B.S.Publishers.

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#### (9ABS105) MATHEMATICAL METHODS (EEE, ECE, E.Con.E, E.I.E, CSE, IT, CSS, ECC)

#### UNIT – I

**Matrices:** Elementary row transformations – Rank – Echelon form, normal form – Solution of Linear System of Homogeneous and Non Homogeneous equations – Direct Methods – Gauss Elimination, Gauss Jordan methods.

Eigen Values, Eigen vectors – Properties – Cayley – Hamilton Theorem – Inverse and powers of a matrix by Cayley–Hamilton theorem – Diagonolization of matrix. Calculation of powers of matrix.

#### UNIT – II

Real matrices – Symmetric, skew – Symmetric, orthogonal matrices Linear Transformation – Orthogonal Transformation. Complex matrices: Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian and Unitary matrices – Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties. Quadratic forms – Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form and their nature.

## UNIT – III

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations: Introduction – The Bisection Method – The Method of False Position – The Iteration Method – Newton-Raphson Method.

**Interpolation:** Introduction – Finite differences – Forward Differences – backward Differences –Newton's forward and backward difference formulae for interpolation – Lagrange's Interpolation formula.

## UNIT – IV

Curve fitting: Fitting a straight line – Second degree curve – Exponentional curve-Power curve by method of least squares. Numerical Differentiation and Integration – Trapezoidal rule – Simpson's 1/3 Rule – Simpson's 3/8 Rule.

## UNIT – V

Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential equations: Solution by Taylor's series-Picard's Method of successive Approximations-Euler's Method-Runge-Kutta Methods – Predictor-Corrector Method – Milne's Method.

#### UNIT – VI

Fourier Series: Determination of Fourier coefficients – Fourier series – Even and odd functions – Fourier series in an arbitrary interval – Even and odd periodic continuation – Half-range Fourier sine and cosine expansions. Fourier integral theorem (only statement) – Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier transform – Fourier sine and cosine transforms – Properties – Inverse transforms – Finite Fourier transforms.

#### UNIT – VII

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Method of separation of variables – Solutions of one dimensional wave equation, heat equation and two-dimensional Laplace's equation under initial and boundary conditions.

## UNIT – VIII

z-transform – Inverse z-transform – Properties – Damping rule – Shifting rule – Initial and final value theorems. Convolution theorem – Solution of difference equations by z-transforms.

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## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Mathematical Methods, T.K.V. Iyengar, B. Krishna Gandhi and Others, S. Chand & Company.
- 2. Mathematical Methods, C. Sankaraiah, V.G.S. Book Links.
- 3. Mathematical Methods, G. Shanker Rao, E. Keshava Reddy, I. K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, M.K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar R.K. Jain, New Age international Publishers.
- 2. Mathematical Methods Pal Oxford.
- 3. Introduction to Numerical Analysis S.S. Sastry Ph I
- 4. Mathematical Methods, S.K.V.S. Sri Ramachary, M. Bhujanga Rao, P.B. Bhaskar Rao & P.S. Subramanyam, BS Publications.



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#### (9A05102) C PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES LAB (Common to all Branches)

Objectives:

- To make the student learn a programming language.
- To teach the student to write programs in C to solve the problems.
- To introduce the student to simple linear data structures such as lists, stacks, queues.

## **Recommended Systems/Software Requirements:**

• Intel based desktop PC with ANSI C Compiler and Supporting Editors

## Week l.

**a**) Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.

**b**) A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.

c) Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.

## Week 2.

a) Write a C program to calculate the following Sum:

Sum=1 - 
$$x^{2}/2! + x^{4}/4! - x^{6}/6! + x^{8}/8! - x^{10}/10$$

**b**) Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.

## Week 3

**a**) Write C programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions

i) To find the factorial of a given integer.

ii) To find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.

iii) To solve Towers of Hanoi problem.

# Week 4

a) The total distance travelled by vehicle in \_t' seconds is given by distance  $S = ut+1/2at^2$  where \_u' and \_a' are the initial velocity (m/sec.) and acceleration (m/sec<sup>2</sup>) respectively. Write C program to find the distance travelled at regular intervals of time given the values of \_u' and \_a'. The program should provide the flexibility to the user to select his own time intervals and repeat the calculations for different values of \_u' and \_a'.

**b**) Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +,-,\*, /, % and use Switch Statement)

# Week 5

**a**) Write a C program to find both the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.

**b**) Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:

i) Addition of Two Matrices

ii) Multiplication of Two Matrices

# Week 6

**a**) Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:

i) To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.

ii) To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.

**b**) Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not

## Week 7

a) Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or -1 if S doesn't contain T.

**b**) Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

## Week 8

a) Write a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.

**b**) Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers.

## Week 9

Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of the geometric progression:

 $1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^n$ 

For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes 1+5+25+125.

Print x, n, the sum

Perform error checking. For example, the formula does not make sense for negative exponents – if n is less than 0. Have your program print an error message if n<0, then go back and read in the next pair of numbers of without computing the sum. Find if any values of x are also illegal ? If so, test for them too.

# Week 10

**a**) 2's complement of a number is obtained by scanning it from right to left and complementing all the bits after the first appearance of a 1.

Thus 2's complement of 11100 is 00100. Write a C program to find the 2's complement of a binary number.

**b**) Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral to its decimal equivalent.

# Week 11

Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:

- i) Reading a complex number
- ii) Writing a complex number
- iii) Addition of two complex numbers
- iv) Multiplication of two complex numbers

(Note: represent complex number using a structure.)

# Week 12

a) Write a C program which copies one file to another.

**b**) Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file.

(Note: The file name and n are specified on the command line.)

# Week 13

a) Write a C programme to display the contents of a file.

**b**) Write a C programme to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file)

## Week 14

Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:

i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal

#### Week 15

Write C programs that implement stack (its operations) using

i) Arrays ii) Pointers

## Week 16

Write C programs that implement Queue (its operations) using i) Arrays ii) Pointers

#### Week 17

Write a C program that uses Stack operations to perform the following:

i) Converting infix expression into postfix expression

ii) Evaluating the postfix expression

#### Week 18

Write a C program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order

i) Bubble sort ii) Selection sort

#### Week 19

Write C programs that use both recursive and non recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:

i) Linear search ii) Binary search

#### Week 20

Write C program that implements the Quick sort method to sort a given list of integers in ascending order.

## Week 21

Write C program that implement the Merge sort method to sort a given list of integers in ascending order.

## Week 22

Write C programs to implement the Lagrange interpolation and Newton- Gregory forward interpolation.

## Week 23

Write C programs to implement the linear regression and polynomial regression algorithms.

## Week 24

Write C programs to implement Trapezoidal and Simpson methods.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Programming in C and Data Structures, J.R.Hanly, Ashok N. Kamthane and A. Ananda Rao, Pearson Education
- 2. The Spirit of C, an introduction to modern programming, M.Cooper, Jaico Publishing House.
- 3. Mastering C, K.R. Venugopal and S.R. Prasad, TMH Publications.
- 4. Computer Basics and C Programming, V. Rajaraman, PHI Publications.

#### B.Tech. I Year (E.E.E)

T P C 0 3 4

#### (9A03102) ENGINEERING AND I.T. WORKSHOP (Common to all Branches) ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

**Objectives:** The budding Engineer may turn out to be a technologist, scientist, entrepreneur, practitioner, consultant etc. There is a need to equip the engineer with the knowledge of common and newer engineering materials as well as shop practices to fabricate, manufacture or work with materials. Essentially he should know the labour involved, machinery or equipment necessary, time required to fabricate and also should be able to estimate the cost of the product or job work. Hence engineering work shop practice is included to introduce some common shop practices and on hand experience to appreciate the use of skill, tools, equipment and general practices to all the engineering students.

## 1. TRADES FOR EXERCISES:

- a. Carpentry shop- Two joints (exercises) involving tenon and mortising, groove and tongue: Making middle lap T joint, cross lap joint, mortise and tenon T joint, Bridle T joint from out of 300 x 40 x 25 mm soft wood stock
- b. Fitting shop–Two joints (exercises) from: square joint, V joint, half round joint or dove tail joint out of 100 x 50 x 5 mm M.S. stock
- c. Sheet metal shop- Two jobs (exercises) from: Tray, cylinder, hopper or funnel from out of 22 or 20 guage G.I. sheet
- d. House-wiring- Two jobs (exercises) from: wiring for ceiling rose and two lamps (bulbs) with independent switch controls with or without looping, wiring for stair case lamp, wiring for a water pump with single phase starter.
- e. Foundry– Preparation of two moulds (exercises): for a single pattern and a double pattern.
- f. Welding Preparation of two welds (exercises): single V butt joint, lap joint, double V butt joint or T fillet joint

#### 2. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION:

- a. Plumbing
- b. Machine Shop
- c. Metal Cutting

Apart from the above the shop rooms should display charts, layouts, figures, circuits, hand tools, hand machines, models of jobs, materials with names such as different woods, wood faults, Plastics, steels, meters, gauges, equipment, CD or DVD displays, First aid, shop safety etc. (though they may not be used for the exercises but they give valuable information to the student). In the class work or in the examination knowledge of all shop practices may be stressed upon rather than skill acquired in making the job.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Engineering Work shop practice for JNTU, V. Ramesh Babu, VRB Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2009
- 2. Work shop Manual / P.Kannaiah/ K.L.Narayana/ SciTech Publishers.
- 3. Engineering Practices Lab Manual, Jeyapoovan, Saravana Pandian, 4/e Vikas
- 4. Dictionary of Mechanical Engineering, GHF Nayler, Jaico Publishing House.

# I.T. WORKSHOP

## **Objectives:**

The IT Workshop for engineers is a training lab course. The modules include training on PC Hardware, Internet & World Wide Web and Productivity tools including Word, Excel, Power Point and Publisher.

**PC Hardware** introduces the students to a personal computer and its basic peripherals, the process of assembling a personal computer, installation of system software like MS Windows, Linux and the required device drivers. In addition hardware and software level troubleshooting process, tips and tricks would be covered. **The students should work on a working PC (PIV or higher)to disassemble and assemble back to working condition and install** 

Windows and Linux on the same PC. Students are suggested to work similar tasks in the Laptop scenario wherever possible. Internet & World Wide Web module introduces the different ways of hooking the PC on to the internet from home and workplace for usage of the internet. Usage of web browsers, email, newsgroups and discussion forums would be covered. In addition, awareness of cyber hygiene, i.e., protecting the personal computer from getting infected with the viruses, worms and other cyber attacks would be introduced.

**Productivity tools** module would enable the students in crafting professional word documents, excel spread sheets, power point presentations and personal web sites using the Microsoft suite of office tools and LaTeX. (It is recommended to use Microsoft office 2007 in place of MS Office 2003)

## PC Hardware

Week 1 – Task 1: Identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor.

**Week 2 – Task 2:** Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition. Lab instructors should verify the work and follow it up with a Viva. Also students need to go through the video which shows the process of assembling a PC. A video shall be given as part of the course content.

Week 3 – Task 3: Every student should individually install MS windows on the personal computer. Lab instructor should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva.

Week 4 - Task 4: Every student should install Linux on the computer. This computer should have windows installed. The system should be configured as dual boot with both windows and Linux. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva

**Week 5 – Task 5: Hardware Troubleshooting:** Students have to be given a PC which does not boot due to improper assembly or defective peripherals. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the

computer back to working condition. The work done should be verified by the instructor and followed up with a Viva

Week 6 – Task 6: Software Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a malfunctioning CPU due to system software problems. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition. The work done should be verified by the instructor and followed up with a Viva.

#### OFFICE TOOLS LaTeX and Word

Week 7 – Word Orientation: The mentor needs to give an overview of LaTeX and Microsoft (MS) office 2007/ equivalent (FOSS) tool word: Importance of LaTeX and MS office 2007/ equivalent (FOSS) tool Word as word Processors, Details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each, Using LaTeX and word – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving files, Using help and resources, rulers, format painter in word.

**Task 1 : Using LaTeX and Word** to create project certificate. Features to be covered:-Formatting Fonts in word, Drop Cap in word, Applying Text effects, Using Character Spacing, Borders and Colors, Inserting Header and Footer, Using Date and Time option in both LaTeX and Word.

#### Excel

**Week 8 - Excel Orientation:** The mentor needs to tell the importance of MS office 2007/ equivalent (FOSS) tool Excel as a Spreadsheet tool, give the details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each. Using Excel – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving excel files, Using help and resources.

**Task 1: Creating a Scheduler -** Features to be covered:- Gridlines, Format Cells, Summation, auto fill, Formatting Text

#### LaTeX and MS/equivalent (FOSS) tool Power Point

Week 9 - Task1: Students will be working on basic power point utilities and tools which help them create basic power point presentation. Topic covered during this Exercise includes :- PPT Orientation, Slide Layouts, Inserting Text, Word Art, Formatting Text, Bullets and Numbering, Auto Shapes, Lines and Arrows in both LaTeX and Powerpoint. Students will be given model power point presentation which needs to be replicated (exactly how it's asked).

Week 10 - Task 2 : Second Exercise helps students in making their presentations interactive. Topic covered during this Exercise includes : Hyperlinks, Inserting –Images, Clip Art, Audio, Video, Objects, Tables and Charts

## Internet & World Wide Web 2 Weeks

Week 11 - Task 1: Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp : Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate, to the instructor, how to access the websites and email. If there is no internet connectivity preparations need to be made by the instructors to simulate the WWW on the LAN. Web Browsers, Surfing the Web: Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and

pop up blockers.

Week 12 - Task 2: Search Engines & Netiquette: Students should know what search engines are and how to use the search engines. A few topics would be given to the students for which they need to search on Google. This should be demonstrated by the student to the satisfaction of instructors.

**Cyber Hygiene:** Students would be exposed to the various threats on the internet and would be asked to configure their computer to be safe on the internet. They need to first install an anti virus software, configure their personal firewall and windows update on their computer.

#### **REFERENCES**:

- 1. Introduction to Information Technology, ITL Education Solutions limited, Pearson Education.
- 2. LaTeX Companion Leslie Lamport, PHI/Pearson.
- 3. Introduction to Computers, Peter Norton, 6/e Mc Graw Hill
- 4. Upgrading and Repairing, PC's 18<sup>th</sup> e, Scott Muller QUE, Pearson Education
- 5. Comdex Information Technology course tool kit, Vikas Gupta, WILEY Dreamtech
- 6. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Companion Guide, Third Edition by David Anfinson and Ken Quamme. CISCO Press, Pearson Education.

#### **B.Tech. I Year (E.E.E)**

T P C 0 3/2 each 4

## (9ABS106) ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB and ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

#### ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB

# Any <u>TEN</u> of the following experiments are to be performed during the Academic year.

Sl.No.

## Name of the Experiment

- 1. Determination of wavelength of given source spectrometer normal incidence method.
- 2. Dispersive power of the prism Spectrometer.
- 3. Determination of wavelength of a laser source Diffraction Grating.
- 4. Determination of particle size by using a laser source.
- 5. Determination of thickness of a thin wire using parallel fringes.
- 6. Newton's Rings.
- 7. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying coil Stewart and Gee's method.
- 8. Numerical aperture of an optical fiber.
- 9. Hall effect.
- 10. B H Curve.
- 11. Energy gap of a material of p-n junction
- 12. Determination of rigidity modulus of a wire material Torsional pendulum
- 13. Determination of dielectric constant.
- 14. Verification of laws of stretched string Sonometer.
- 15. Melde's experiment Transverse & Longitudinal modes.

#### **Equipment required:**

Spectrometer, Grating, Prism, Mercury vapour lamp, Sodium vapour lamp, Travelling Microscope, Wedge arrangement, Newton rings setup, Stewart-Gee's apparatus, He-Ne laser source, Optical fiber, Hall effect kit, B-H loop kit, Energy gap kit (four probe method), Torsional pendulum, Dielectric constant kit, Sonometer, Melde's apparatus

## ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

- 1. Preparation of Standard Potassium Dichromate and Estimation of Ferrous Iron.
- 2. Preparation of Standard Potassium Dichromate and Estimation of Copper, by Iodometry.
- 3. Preparation of Standard EDTA solution and Estimation of Hardness of Water.
- 4. Preparation of Standard EDTA and Estimation of Copper
- 5. Determination of Manganese in Steel and Iron in Cement.
- 6. Determination of strength of the given Hydrochloric acid against standard sodium hydroxide solution by Conducto metric titration
- 7. Determination of viscosity of the oils through Redwood viscometer
- 8. Determination of calorific value of fuel using Bomb calorimeter
- 9. Estimation of dissolved oxygen
- 10. Determination of Eutectic Temperature of binary system (Urea Benzoic Acid)

## **BOOKS:**

- 1. Chemistry-lab manual by Dr K.N.Jayaveera and K.B. Chandra Sekhar, S.M. Enterprizes Ltd.
- 2. Vogel's Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, ELBS Edition.

**Equipment Required:** 

- 1. Glass ware: Pipettes, Burettes, Volumetric Flasks, Beakers, Standard flasks, Measuring jars, Boiling Test tubes, reagent bottles, (Borosil)
- 2. Analytical balance (keroy) (15 Nos)
- 3. Calorimeter
- 4. Bomb Calorimeter
- 5. Redwood viscometer No.1& No.2
- 6. Conductometer/ Conductivity bridge
- 7. Wash bottles, test tube stands, burette stands
- 8. Gas cylinders with Bunsen burners
- 9. Chemicals: Hydrochloric acid, sodiumhydroxide, EDTA, EBT indicator, fast sulfon black-f, urea, benzoic acid, methanol, Mohr's salt, copper sulphate, magnesium sulphate, ammonia, ammonium sulphate, calcium sulphate etc.,

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### **B.Tech. I Year (E.E.E)**

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#### (9ABS107) ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

The **Language Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and equips students with the use of English in everyday situations and contexts.

#### **Objectives:**

- 1. To train students to use language effectively in everyday conversations, to participate in group discussions, to help them face interviews, and sharpen public speaking skills
- 2. To expose the students to a varied blend of self-instructional, learner-friendly modes of language learning
- 3. To enable them to learn better pronunciation through stress on word accent, intonation, and rhythm
- 4. To initiate them into greater use of the computer in resume preparation, report- writing, format-making etc.
- 5. To help the students cultivate the habit of reading passages from the computer monitor, thus providing them with the required ability to face computer-based competitive exams such GRE, TOEFL, GMAT etc.

## SYLLABUS :

The following course content is prescribed for the **English Language** Laboratory sessions:

- 1. Introduction to the Sounds of English- Vowels, Diphthongs & Consonants.
- 2. Introduction to Stress and Intonation.
- 3. Situational Dialogues (giving directions etc.)
- 4. Speaking on the mobiles and telephone conversation
- 5. Role Play.

- 6. Oral Presentations- Prepared and Extempore.
- 7. Just A Minute' Sessions (JAM).
- 8. Describing Objects / Situations / People.
- 9. Information Transfer

10.Debate

## **Minimum Requirement:**

#### The English Language Lab shall have two parts:

- i) **The Computer aided Language Lab** for 60 students with 60 systems, one master console, LAN facility and English language software for self- study by learners.
- ii) **The Communication Skills Lab** with movable chairs and audiovisual aids with a P.A System, a T. V., a digital stereo –audio & video system and camcorder etc.

## System Requirement (Hardware component):

Computer network with Lan with minimum 60 multimedia systems with the following specifications:

- i) P-IV Processor
- a) Speed 2.8 GHZ
- b) RAM 512 MB Minimum
- c) Hard Disk 80 GB
- ii) Headphones of High quality

## PRESCRIBED SOFTWARE: GLOBARENA'S

## Suggested Software:

- Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.
- The Rosetta Stone English Library
- Clarity Pronunciation Power Part I
- Mastering English in Vocabulary, Grammar, Spellings, Composition
- Dorling Kindersley series of Grammar, Punctuation, Composition etc.
- Language in Use, Foundation Books Pvt Ltd with CD
- Learning to Speak English 4 CDs
- Microsoft Encarta with CD
- Murphy's English Grammar, Cambridge with CD

English in Mind, Herbert Puchta and Jeff Stranks with Meredith Levy, Cambridge

Books Suggested for English Language Lab Library (to be located within the lab in addition to the CDs of the text book which are loaded on the systems):

- 1. **English Pronouncing Dictionary,** Daniel Jones Current Edition with CD.
- 2. **Spoken English**, R. K. Bansal and J. B. Harrison, Orient Longman 2006 Edn.
- 3. Speaking English Effectively, Krishna Mohan & NP Singh (Macmillan)
- 4. A Practical Course in English Pronunciation, (with two Audio cassettes) by J. Sethi, Kamlesh Sadanand & D.V. Jindal, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Body Language- Your Success Mantra , Dr Shalini Verma, S.Chand & Co, 2008
- 6. English Dictionary for Advanced Learners, ( with CD ) International edn. Macmillan 2009
- 7. A Handbook for Englsih language Laboratories, E.Sureshkumar, P.Sreehari, Foundation Books, 2009
- 8. **DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test**, 6 audio CDS, New Age International Publishers, 2007

#### B.Tech II-I Sem. (E.E.E)

#### T PC 4 04

# (9ABS302) MATHEMATICS – III (Common to EEE, ECE, E Con E, E.I.E, ECM)

#### UNIT – I

**Special Functions:** Gamma and Beta Functions – their properties – Evaluation of improper integrals. Bessel functions – Properties – Recurrence relations – Orthogonal. Legendre polynomials – Properties – Rodrigue's formula – Recurrence relations – Orthogonality.

#### UNIT – II

Functions of a complex variable – Continuity – Differentiability – Analyticity – Properties – Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar coordinates. Harmonic and conjugate harmonic functions – Milne – Thompson method.

#### UNIT – III

Elementary functions: Exponential, trigonometric, hyperbolic functions and their properties – General power  $Z^C$  (c is complex), principal value.

## UNIT – IV

Complex integration: Line integral – Evaluation along a path and by indefinite integration – Cauchy's integral theorem – Cauchy's integral formula – Generalized integral formula.

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Complex power series: Radius of convergence – Expansion in Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series and Laurent series. Singular point – Isolated singular point – Pole of order m – Essential singularity.

#### UNIT – VI

Residue – Evaluation of residue by formula and by Laurent series – Residue theorem.

Evaluation of integrals of the type

(a) improper real integrals 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx$$
  
(b) 
$$\int_{f(\cos\theta,\sin\theta)d\theta} \int_{-\infty}^{c} \int_{-\infty}^{c} \int_{-\infty}^{0} \int_{-\infty}^{0} f(x) dx$$
  
(c) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{0} e^{imx} f(x) dx$$

## UNIT – VII

Argument principle – Rouche's theorem – Determination of number of zeros of complex polynomials – maximum Modulus principle – Fundamental theorem of Algebra, Liouville's Theorem.

## UNIT – VIII

Conformal mapping: Transformation by  $e^z$ , Inz,  $z^2$ , Sin z, cos z, Bilinear transformation - Translation, rotation, magnification and inversion – Fixed point – Cross ratio – Determination of bilinear transformation mapping three given points.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Vol–III, T.K.V. Iyengar, B. Krishna Gandhi and Others S. Chand & Company.
- 2. A text Book of Engineering Mathematics, C. Sankaraiah, V.G.S. Book Links.
- 3. A text Book of Engineering Mathematics-III,E. Rukmangadachari, E. Keshava Reddy, Pearson Education.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, B.V. Ramana, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 2. Complex Variables Chruchile and Brown.
- 3. Complex Variables Schaum Series.
- 4. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B.S. Grewal, Khanna Publication.

#### B.Tech II-I Sem. (E.E.E)

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#### (9ABS303) ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE (Common to ECE, E Con E, ECM, EIE, EEE, CSSE)

#### UNIT – I

**MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES :** – Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

#### UNIT – II

**NATURAL RESOURCES :** Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction

Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. – Energy resources:

## UNIT – III

**ECOSYSTEMS**: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem.
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

## $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

**BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION :** Introduction 0 Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Bio-geographical classification of India – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-soports of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

#### UNIT – V

**ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION :** Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of :

- a Air Pollution
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

**SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT :** Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wates – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{VI}$

**SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT:** From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution)

Act – Forest Conservation Act – Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation – Public awareness.

## UNIT – VII

HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT : Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Proggramme. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

## UNIT – VIII

**FIELD WORK :** Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, birds – river, hill slopes, etc..

#### **TEXT BOOKS :**

- 1. Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
- 2. Environmental Studies by R.Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Environmental Studies by Benny Joseph, Mc.graHill Publications.

# **REFERENCES**:

- 1. Text book of Environmental Sciences and Technology by M.Anji Reddy, BS Publication.
- 2. Comprehensive Environmental studies by J.P.Sharma, Laxmi publications.
- Environmental sciences and engineering J. Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke – Printice hall of India Private limited.
- Introduction to Environmental engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela - Printice hall of India Private limited.
- 5. Environmental Studies by Anindita Basak Pearson education.

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### B.Tech II-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A01308) FLUID MECHANICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINERY

#### UNIT I

Fluid statics: Dimensions and units: physical properties of fluidsspecific gravity, viscosity surface tension- vapor pressure and their influence on fluid motion- atmospheric gauge and vacuum pressure – measurement of pressure- Piezometer, U-tube and differential manometers.

#### UNIT II

Fluid kinematics: stream line, path line and streak lines and stream tube, classification of flows-steady & unsteady, uniform, non uniform, laminar, turbulent, rotational, and irrotational flows-equation of continuity for one dimensional flow.

**Fluid dynamics**: surface and body forces –Euler's and Bernoulli's equations for flow along a stream line, momentum equation and its application on force on pipe bend.

#### UNIT III

**Closed conduit flow: Reynold's** experiment- Darcy Weisbach equation- Minor losses in pipes- pipes in series and pipes in parallel-total energy line-hydraulic gradient line.

Measurement of flow: pilot tube, venturimeter, and orifice meter, Flow nozzle.

#### UNIT IV

**Basics of turbo machinery**: hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving flat, inclined, and curved vanes, jet striking centrally and at tip, velocity diagrams, work don and efficiency, flow over radial vanes.

## UNIT V

**Hydroelectric power stations**: Elements of hydro electric power station-types-concept of pumped storage plants-storage requirements, mass curve (explanation only) estimation of power developed from a given catchment area; heads and efficiencies.

## UNIT VI

**Hydraulic Turbines**: classification of turbines, impulse and reaction turbines, Pelton wheel, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine-working proportions, work done, efficiencies , hydraulic design –draft tube-theory- functions and efficiency.

## UNIT VII

**Performance of hydraulic turbines**: Geometric similarity, Unit and specific quantities, characteristic curves, governing of turbines, selection of type of turbine, cavitation, surge tank, water hammer.

## UNIT-VIII

**Centrifugal pumps**: classification, working, work done – manomertic head- losses and efficiencies- specific speed- pumps in series and parallel-performance characteristic curves, NPSH.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Hydraulics, fluid mechanics and Hydraulic machinery MODI and SETH.
- 2. Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines by Rajput.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Power Engineering by D.S. Kumar, Kotaria & Sons.
- 2. Fluid Mechanics and Machinery by D. Rama Durgaiah, New Age International.
- 3. Hydraulic Machines by Banga & Sharma, Khanna Publishers.
- Instrumentation for Engineering Measurements by James W. Dally, William E. Riley ,John Wiley & Sons Inc. 2004 (Chapter 12 – Fluid Flow Measurements)

## B.Tech II-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

# (9A04301) ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS (Common to CSE, CSSE, IT, ECE, E Con E, ECM, EIE, EEE) UNIT- I

## **PN JUNCTION DIODE:**

PN Junction Diode Equation, Volt-Ampere (V-I) Characteristics, Temperature Dependence of V-I Characteristics, Ideal Versus Practical, Static and Dynamic Resistances, Diode Equivalent circuits, Break down Mechanisms in semiconductor Diodes, Zener Diode Characteristics.

## UNIT- II

**RECTIFIERS AND FILTERS :** PN Junction as a Rectifier, Half wave rectifier, ripple factor, full wave rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in a rectifier circuit, Inductor filter, Capacitor filter, L-section filter, II- section filter, Use of Zener Diode as a Regulator, Problems on rectifier circuits, and voltage regulator.

## UNIT- III

**TRANSISTOR:** Transistor construction, BJT Operation, BJT Symbol, Transistor as an Amplifier, Common Emitter, Common Base and Common Collector Configurations, Limits of Operation, BJT Specifications.

## UNIT-IV

**TRANSISTOR BIASING AND STABILISATION:** Operating Point, DC and AC Load Lines, Importance of Biasing, Fixed Bias, Emitter Feedback Bias, Collector to Emitter Feedback Bias, Voltage Divider Bias, Bias Stability, Stabilization against Variations in  $V_{BE}$  and  $\beta$ , Bias Compensation Using Diodes and Transistors, Thermal Runaway, Condition for Thermal Stability in CE configuration, Problems on biasing circuits.

#### UNIT- V

## FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR:

The Junction Field Effect Transistor (Construction, Principle of Operation, Symbol) - Pinch-Off Voltage – Volt-Ampere Characteristics,

Small Signal Model of JFET & MOSFET, MOSFET Characteristics in Enhancement and Depletion Modes.

# UNIT- VI FET AMPLIFIERS:

Common Source, and Common Drain Amplifiers using FET, Generalized FET Amplifier, Biasing of FET, FET as Voltage Variable Resistor, Comparison between BJT and FET.

# UNIT-VII SMALL SIGNAL ANALYSIS OF BJT AMPLIFIERS:

BJT Modeling, Hybrid Modeling, Determination of h-Parameters from Transistor Characteristics, Measurement of h-Parameters, Analysis of CE, CB and CC configurations using h-Parameters, Comparision of CB, CE and CC configurations, Simplified Hybrid Model, Millers Theorem, Dual of Millers Theorem.

# UNIT-VIII SPECIAL PURPOSE ELECTRONIC DEVICES:

Principle of Operation, and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode (With help of Energy Band Diagram) and Varactor Diode, Principle of Operations of Schottky Barrier Diode, Thermistor, Silicon Control Rectifier, and Uni-Junction Transistor (UJT).

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits J. Millman, Christos C. Halkias, 1991 edition, 2008, TMH.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits- R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2006, PHI.
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits David A. Bell, Fifth Edition, 2008, Oxford University press.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Integrated Electronic J.Millman and C.C.Halkias, Satyabratajit, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 1998, TMH.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits K. Lal kishore, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2005, BSP.
- 3. Introduction to Electronic Devices and Circuits Rober T. Paynter, PE
- Electronic Devices and Circuits S. Salivahana, N.Suresh Kumar, A. Vallavaraj, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2008, TMH.

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### B.Tech II-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A02305) ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS (Common to EEE, ECE, E Con E, E.I.E, ECM)

#### **Objective:**

This course introduces the basic concepts of circuit analysis which is the foundation for all subjects of the Electrical Engineering discipline. The emphasis of this course if laid on the basic analysis of circuits which includes single phase circuits, magnetic circuits, theorems, transient analysis and network topology.

# **UNIT-I Introduction to Electrical Circuits**

Circuit concept –R-L-C parameters-Voltage and Current sources-Independent and dependent sources-source transformation-Voltage – Current relationship for passive elements (for different input signalssquare, ramp, saw tooth, triangular)

## **UNIT-II Network Ananlysis**

Kirchoff's laws – network reduction techniques-series, parallel, series parallel, star-to-delta or delta-to-star transformation, Nodal analysis, mesh analysis, super node and super mesh for D.C excitations.

## **UNIT-III Single Phase A.C Circuits**

R.M.S, Average values and form factor for different periodic wave forms – sinusoidal alternating quantities – Phase and Phase difference – Complex and polar forms of representations, J-notation, Steady state analysis of R,L and C (in series, parallel and series parallel combinations) with sinusoidal excitation- Concept of power factor-Concept of Reactance, Impedance, Susceptance and Admittance-Real and Reactive power, Complex Power.

## **UNIT-IV Locus diagrams & Resonance**

Locus diagrams - series R-L, R-C, R-L-C and parallel combination with variation of various parameters - Resonance-series, parallel circuits, concept of band width and Q factor.

# **UNIT-V Magnetic Circuits**

Magnetic circuits-Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction-concept of self and mutual inductance-dot convention-coefficient of couplingcomposite magnetic circuit-analysis of series and parallel magnetic circuits

## **UNIT-VI Network topology**

Definitions – Graph – Tree, Basic cutset and Basic Tieset matrices for planar networks – Loop and Nodal methods of analysis of Networks with dependent & independent voltage and current sources – Duality & Dual networks.

## **UNIT-VII** Network theorems -I

Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum Power Transfer and Millman's theorems for D.C and sinusoidal excitations.

# **UNIT-VIII** Network theorems - II

Tellegen's, Superposition, Reciprocity and compensation theorems for D.C and sinusoidal excitations.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Circuits & Networks by A. Sudhakar and Shyammohan S Palli, Tata McGraw- Hill
- 2. Electric Circuits by N.Sreenivasulu, REEM Publications
- 3. Electric Circuits- Schuam Series

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Network Analysis by M.E Van Valkenberg, Prentice Hall(India), 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 2. Basic circuit analysis by D.R. Cunningham & J.A Stuller, Jaico Publications
- 3. Engineering circuit analysis by William Hayt and Jack E. Kemmerly, Mc Graw Hill Company, 6<sup>th</sup> edition.

### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### B.Tech II-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A02308) ELECTRICAL MACHINES - I

#### **Objective :**

Electrical machines course is one of the important courses of the Electrical discipline. In this course different types of DC generators and motors which are widely used in industry are covered and their performance aspects will be studied.

#### UNIT – I Electromechanical Energy Conversion

Electromechanical Energy conversion – forces and torque in magnetic field systems – energy balance – energy and force in a singly excited magnetic field system, determination of magnetic force - co-energy – multi excited magnetic field systems.

## UNIT – II D.C. Generators – Construction & Operation

D.C. Generators – Principle of operation – Action of commutator – constructional features – armature windings – lap and wave windings – simplex and multiplex windings – use of laminated armature – E. M.F Equation – Problems

#### UNIT – III Armature reaction in D.C. Generator

Armature reaction – Cross magnetizing and de-magnetizing AT/pole – compensating winding – commutation – reactance voltage – methods of improving commutation.

#### **UNIT – IV Types of D.C Generators**

Methods of Excitation – separately excited and self excited generators – build-up of E.M.F - critical field resistance and critical speed - causes for failure to self excite and remedial measures.

## UNIT – V Load Characteristics of D.C.Generators

Load characteristics of shunt, series and compound generators – parallel operation of d.c series generators – use of equalizer bar and cross connection of field windings – load sharing.

## UNIT – VI D.C. Motors

D.C Motors – Principle of operation – Back E.M.F. - Torque equation – characteristics and application of shunt, series and compound motors – Armature reaction and commutation.

#### UNIT – VII Speed control of D.C. Motors

Speed control of d.c. Motors: Armature voltage and field flux control methods. Ward-Leonard system.

Principle of 3 point and 4 point starters – protective devices.

## UNIT – VIII Testing of D.C. Machines

Testing of d.c. machines: Losses – Constant & Variable losses – calculation of efficiency – condition for maximum efficiency

Methods of Testing – direct, indirect and regenerative testing – brake test – Swinburne's test – Hopkinson's test – Field's test – Retardation test – separation of stray losses in a d.c. motor test.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Electrical Machines P.S. Bimbra., Khanna Publishers
- 2. Electromechanics I, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition by Kamakshaiah S., Overseas publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Fundamentals of Electric Machines by B. R. Gupta, Vandana singhal, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, New age international Publishers.

- 1. Performance and Design of D.C Machines by Clayton & Hancock, BPB Publishers
- Electrical Machines -S.K. Battacharya, TMH Edn Pvt. Ltd., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- Electric Machinery A. E. Fitzgerald, C. Kingsley and S. Umans, Mc Graw-Hill Companies, 5<sup>th</sup> editon
- Electric Machines by I.J. Nagrath & D.P. Kothari, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2004

#### **B.Tech II-I Sem. (E.E.E)**

Т	Р	С
0	3	2

#### (9A01309) Basic FLUID MECHANICS AND HYDRAULIC

#### MACHINES LAB

- 1. Impact of jets on Vanes
- 2. Performance Test on Pelton Wheel.
- 3. Performance Test on Francis Turbine
- 4. Performance Test on Kaplan Turbine
- 5. Performance Test on Single Stage Centrifugal Pump
- 6. Performance Test on Multi Stage Centrifugal Pump
- 7. Performance Test on Reciprocating Pump
- 8. Calibration of Venturimeter
- 9. Calibration of Orifice meter.
- 10. Determination of friction factor for a given pipe line.
- 11. Determination of loss of head due to sudden contraction in a pipeline.
- 12. Turbine flow meter.

Note: Any 10 of the above 12 experiments are to be conducted.

#### B.Tech II-I Sem. (E.E.E)

Т	Р	С
0	3	2

#### (9A04302) ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LAB (Common to ECE, E Con E, EIE, ECM, EEE)

#### ELECTRONIC WORKSHOP PRACTICE (in 3 lab sessions):

- 1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Colour Codes), Potentiometers, Switches (SPDT, DPDT, and DIP), Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards, PCB's
- 2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of Active Devices, Diodes, BJTs, Lowpower JFETs, MOSFETs, Power Transistors, LEDs, LCDs, SCR, UJT.
- 3. Study and operation of
  - Multimeters (Analog and Digital)
  - Function Generator
  - Regulated Power Supplies
  - Study and Operation of CRO.

#### (For Laboratory examination – Minimum of 10 experiments)

- 1. Forward and Reverse bias characteristics of PN Junction diode
- 2. Zener diode characteristics and Zener as Voltage Regulator.
- 3. Input and Output characteristics of Transistor in CB Configuration.
- 4. Input and Output characteristics of Transistor in CE Configuration.
- 5. Half Wave Rectifier With and without filters.
- 6. Full wave Rectifier With and without filters.
- 7. FET characteristics
- 8. Measurement of h parameters of transistor in CB, CE, CC configurations
- 9. Frequency response of CC Amplifier.
- 10. Frequency response of CE Amplifier.
- 11. Frequency response of Common Source FET Amplifier.
- 12. SCR Characteristics.

		2009-10
13. UJT Characteristics.		
Equipment required for Laboratories:		
1. Regulated Power supplies (RPS)	-	0-30v.
2. CROs	-	0-20M Hz.
3. Function Generators	-	0-1 M Hz.
4. Multimeters	-	
5. Decade Resitance Boxes/Rheostats	-	
6. Decade Capacitance Boxes	-	
7. Micro Ammeters (Analog or Digital)	-	0-20 µA, 0-
50μA, 0-100μA, 0-200μA.		
8. Voltmeters (Analog or Digital)	-	0-50V, 0-
100V, 0-250V.		
9. Electronic Components	-Res	istors, Capacitors,
	BJT	's, LCDs, SCRs,
	UJT	rs, FETs, LEDs,
	MO	SFETs, Diodes
	(Ge	& Si type),
		sistors
	(NPI	N & PNP type)
		• •

#### B.Tech II-II Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A02404) ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

#### **Objective :**

The objective of this course is to introduce the concepts of electric field and magnetic fields and their applications which will be utilized in the development of the theory for power transmission lines and electrical machines.

#### UNIT – I Electrostatics :

Electrostatic Fields – Coulomb's Law – Electric Field Intensity (EFI) – EFI due to a line and a surface charge – Work done in moving a point charge in an electrostatic field – Electric Potential – Properties of potential function – Potential gradient – Guass's law – Application of Guass's Law – Maxwell's first law, div (D)=pv

#### UNIT – II Conductors and Dipole:

Laplace's and Poison's equations – Solution of Laplace's equation in one variable. Electric dipole – Dipole moment – potential and EFI due to an electric dipole – Torque on an Electric dipole in an electric field – Behavior of conductors in an electric field – Conductors and Insulators.

### UNIT – III Dielectric & Capacitance :

Electric field inside a dielectric material – polarization – Dielectric – Conductor and Dielectric – Dielectric boundary conditions, Capacitance – Capacitance of parallel plate and spherical and co-axial capacitors with composite dielectrics – Energy stored and energy density in a static electric field – Current density – conduction and Convection current densities – Ohm's law in point form – Equation of continuity

#### UNIT – IV Magneto Statics :

Static magnetic fields – Biot-Savart's law – Oesterd's experiment -Magnetic field intensity (MFI) – MFI due to a straight current carrying filament – MFI due to circular, square and solenoid current – Carrying wire – Relation between magnetic flux, magnetic flux density and MFI – Maxwell's second Equation, div(B)=0.

#### UNIT – V Ampere's circuital law and its applications

Ampere's circuital law and its applications viz. MFI due to an infinite sheet of current and a long current carrying filament – Point form of Ampere's circuital law – Maxwell's third equation, Curl (H)=Jc, Field due to a circular loop, rectangular and square loops.

#### UNIT – VI Force in Magnetic fields :

Magnetic force - Moving charges in a Magnetic field – Lorentz force equation – force on a current element in a magnetic field – Force on a straight and a long current carrying conductor in a magnetic field – Force between two straight long and parallel current carrying conductors – Magnetic dipole and dipole moment – a differential current loop as a magnetic dipole – Torque on a current loop placed in a magnetic field

## UNIT – VII Magnetic Potential :

Scalar Magnetic potential and its limitations – vector magnetic potential and its properties – vector magnetic potential due to simple configurations – vector Poisson's equations.

Self and Mutual inductance – Neumans's formulae – determination of self-inductance of a solenoid and toroid and mutual inductance between a straight long wire and a square loop wire in the same plane – energy stored and density in a magnetic field. Introduction to permanent magnets, their characteristics and applications.

#### **UNIT – VIII** Time Varying Fields :

Time varying fields – Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction – Its integral and point forms – Maxwell's fourth equation, Curl (E)=- $\partial B/\partial t$  – Statically and Dynamically induced EMFs – Simple problems -

Modification of Maxwell's equations for time varying fields – Displacement current – Poynting Theorem and Poynting vector.

#### TEXT BOOKS

- 1. —Electromagnetic fields||, by S. Kamakshaiah, Right Publishers, 2007.
- 2. —Electro magnetic Fields|| by Sadiku, Oxford Publications
- 3. —Electromagnetics|| by J P Tewari, Khanna Publishers.

- 1. —Introduction to Electro Dynamics|| by D J Griffiths, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt.Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> editon
- 2. —Electromagnetics|| by J. D Kraus Mc Graw-Hill Inc. 4<sup>th</sup> edition 1992.
- Engineering Electromagnetics || by William H. Hayt & John. A. Buck Mc. Graw-Hill Companies, 7<sup>th</sup> Editon.2006.
- 4. Electromagnetics Theory & Applications- Ashutosh Pramanik 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn,PHI
- 5. Electromagnetics Problems with Solutions- Ashutosh Pramanik 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn,PHI

#### B.Tech II-II Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

# (9A02403) GENERATION OF ELECTRIC POWER Objective :

Electrical Power plays significant role in day-to-day life of entire mankind. This course concerns the generation of conventional and non-conventional sources of energy along with the economic aspects.

## **UNIT-1 Thermal Power Stations**

Line diagram of Thermal Power Station (TPS) showing paths of coal, steam, water, air, ash and flue gasses - Brief description of TPS components: Economizers, Boilers, Super heaters, Turbines, Condensers, Chimney and Cooling towers.

#### UNIT-2 Hydro and Nuclear Power Stations-

*Hydro Power Stations (HPS)*: Selection of site, Classification, Layout, Description of main components

*Nuclear Power Stations*: Nuclear Fission and Chain reaction.- Nuclear fuels.- Principle of operation of Nuclear reactor.-Reactor Components: Moderators, Control rods, Reflectors and Coolants.- Radiation hazards: Shielding and Safety precautions.- Types of Nuclear reactors and brief description of PWR, BWR and FBR.

#### **UNIT -3 Basics of Solar Energy Generation**

Role and Potential of solar energy options, Principles of Solar radiation, Flat plate and concentrating solar energy collectors, different methods of solar energy storage – Solar applications : heating energy, cooling, distillation and drying –Economic aspects.

#### **UNIT-4 Basics of Wind energy Generation**

Role and potential of wind energy option, horizontal and vertical axis wind mills- performance characteristics- Betz criterion – application – Economic aspects.

## **UNIT-5 Basics of Bio gas Energy Generation**

Principles of Bioconversion, types of Biogas digesters – Characteristics of Bio-gas- Utilization- Economic and environmental aspects.

## **UNIT-6 Basics of Geothermal and Ocean Energy Generation**

Principle of Geo thermal energy - Methods of Harnessing-Principle of Ocean Energy-Tidal and Wave energy- mini hydel plants- Economic aspects.

## UNIT-7 Economic Aspects of Power Generation

Load curve, load duration and integrated load duration curves-load, demand, diversity, capacity, utilization and plant use factors- Numerical Problems. Costs of Generation and their division into Fixed, Semi-fixed and Running Costs.

## UNIT – 8 Tariff Methods

Desirable Characteristics of a Tariff Method.-Tariff Methods: Flat Rate, Block-Rate, two-part, three –part, and power factor tariff methods and Numerical Problems.

## TEXT BOOKS \*

- 1. A Text Book on Power System Engineering by M.L.Soni, P.V.Gupta, U.S.Bhatnagar and A.Chakraborti, Dhanpat Rai & Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1999.
- 2. Principles of Power Systemsby V.K Mehta and Rohit Mehta S.CHAND& COMPANY LTD., New Delhi 2004.
- 3. Power System Engineering by R. K. Rajput, Laxmi Publishers.

- 1. Elements of Power Station design and practice by M.V. Deshpande, Wheeler Publishing.
- 2. Electrical Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution by S.N.Singh., PHI, 2003.
- 3. Non conventional energy sources by GD Rai, Khanna Publishers.

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

### B.Tech II-II Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

# (9A02405) ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

# UNIT-I SINGLE STAGE AMPLIFIERS DESIGN AND ANALYSIS

Review of CE, CB, CC& CS amplifiers-Classification of Amplifiers, Distortion in amplifiers-Approximate analysis, CE, CB, CC amplifiers comparison.

# UNIT-II BJT & FET FREQUENCY RESPONSE

Logarithms-Decibels-General frequency consideration-Low frequency analysis-Low frequency response of BJT amplifiers-Low frequency response of FET amplifier-Miller effect capacitance-High frequency response of BJT amplifier-Square wave testing

# UNIT-III FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS

Concept of feedback, Classification of feedback amplifiers, General characteristics of negative feedback amplifiers, Effect of Feedback on Amplifier characteristics-Voltage series-Voltage shunt, Current series and Current shunt Feedback configurations-Simple problems.

# UNIT-IV OSCILLATORS

Conditions for oscillations. RC and LC type Oscillators, Crystal oscillators, Frequency and amplitude stability of oscillators, Generalized analysis of LC oscillators, Quartz, Hartley, and Colpitts Oscillators, RC-phase shift and Wien-bridge oscillators.

## UNIT -V LARGE SIGNAL AMPLIFIERS:

Class –A Power Amplifier, Maximum Value of Efficiency of Class-A Amplifier, Transformer coupled amplifier- Push Pull Amplifier-Complimentary Symmetry Circuits (Transformer Less Class B Power Amplifier)-Phase Inverters, Transistor Power Dissipation, Thermal Runway, Heat sinks.

## UNIT-VI LINEAR WAVESHAPING

High pass, low pass RC circuits, their response for sinusoidal, step, pulse, square and ramp inputs.

**Clippers and Clampers -** Diode clippers, Transistor clippers, clipping at two independent levels, Transfer characteristics of clippers, Emitter coupled clipper, Comparators, applications of voltage comparators, clamping operation, clamping circuits using diode with different inputs, Clamping circuit theorem, practical clamping circuits, effect of diode characteristics on clamping voltage, Transfer characteristics of clampers.

# UNIT VII SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS OF DEVICES

Diode as a switch, piecewise linear diode characteristics, Transistor as a switch, Break down voltage consideration of transistor, saturation parameters of Transistor and their variation with temperature, Design of transistor switch, transistor-switching times.

# UNIT VIII MULTIVIBRATORS

Analysis and Design of Bistable, Monostable, Astable Multivibrators and Schmitt trigger using transistors.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory, Robert L.Boylestad, Louis Nasheisky, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition 2007, Pearson Education
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits by S. Salivahanan, N. Suresh Kumar and A. Vallavaraj, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition 2008, Tata McGraw Hill Companies.
- 3. Solid State Pulse Circuits by David A. Bell, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Introductory Electronic Devices and Circuits (Conventional flow version) Robert T. Paynter, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009, PEI.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circutits, Anil K. Maini, Varsha Agrawal, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, WILEY.
- 3. Pulse, Digital & Switching Waveforms by Jacob Milliman, Harbert Taub and Mothiki S Prakash rao, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition 2008, Tata McGraw Hill Companies.

#### B.Tech II-II Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A04401) SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN

#### UNIT I

**NUMBER SYSTEMS & CODES :** Philosophy of number systems – complement representation of negative numbers-binary arithmetic-binary codes-error detecting & error correcting codes –hamming codes.

#### UNIT II

# BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND SWITCHING FUNCTIONS :

Fundamental postulates of Boolean Algebra - Basic theorems and properties - switching functions–Canonical and Standard forms-Algebraic simplification digital logic gates, properties of XOR gates – universal gates-Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations.

#### UNIT III MINIMIZATION OF SWITCHING FUNCTIONS : Map method,

Prime implicants, Don't care combinations, Minimal SOP and POS forms, Tabular Method, Prime –Implicant chart, simplification rules.

## UNIT IV

## COMBINATIONAL LOGIC DESIGN

Design using conventional logic gates, Encoder, Decoder, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer, Modular design using IC chips, MUX Realization of switching functions Parity bit generator, Code-converters, Hazards and hazard free realizations.

#### UNIT V

#### **PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC DEVICES, THRESHOLD LOGIC :**

Basic PLD's-ROM, PROM, PLA, PLD Realization of Switching functions using PLD's. Capabilities and limitations of Threshold gate, Synthesis of Threshold functions, Multigate Synthesis.

## UNIT VI

**SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS - I :** Classification of sequential circuits (Synchronous, Asynchronous, Pulse mode, Level mode with examples) Basic flip-flops-Triggering and excitation tables. Steps in synchronous sequential circuit design. Design of modulo-N Ring & Shift counters, Serial binary adder, sequence detector.

## UNIT VII

**SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS - II :** Finite state machine-capabilities and limitations, Mealy and Moore models-minimization of completely specified and incompletely specified sequential machines, Partition techniques and Merger chart methods-concept of minimal cover table.

#### UNIT VIII

**ALGORITHMIC STATE MACHINES :** Salient features of the ASM chart-Simple examples-System design using data path and control subsystems-control implementations-examples of Weighing machine and Binary multiplier.

#### **TEXTBOOKS** :

- 1. Switching & Finite Automata theory Zvi Kohavi, TMH,2nd Edition.
- 2. Digital Design Morris Mano, PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2006.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. An Engineering Approach To Digital Design Fletcher, PHI. Digital Logic – Application and Design – John M. Yarbrough, Thomson.
- 2. Fundamentals of Logic Design Charles H. Roth, Thomson Publications, 5th Edition, 2004.
- 3. Digital Logic Applications and Design John M. Yarbrough, Thomson Publications, 2006.

#### **B.Tech II-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A02406) NETWORK THEORY

#### UNIT-I Three phase circuits- I

Three phase circuits: Phase sequence- Star and delta connection-Relation between line and phase voltages and currents in balanced systems-Analysis of balanced three phase circuits- Measurement of Active and Reactive power in balanced Three phase systems.

#### UNIT-II Three phase circuits- II

Analysis of Three Phase unbalanced circuits-Loop Method- Application of Millman's Theorem- Star Delta Transformation Technique – Two Wattmeter Method of measurement of three phase power.

#### **UNIT-III D.C Transient Analysis**

Transient response of R-L, R-C, R-L-C series circuits for D.C excitation-Initial conditions-solution method using differential equation and laplace transforms, Response of R-L & R-C networks to pulse excitation.

#### **UNIT-IV A.C Transient Analysis**

Transient response of R-L, R-C, R-L-C series circuits for sinusoidal excitations-Initial conditions-Solution method using differential equations and laplace transforms

#### **UNIT-V Two Port Networks - I**

Two port network parameters – Z, Y, ABCD and hybrid parameters and their relations.

#### **UNIT-VI Two Port Networks -II**

Concept of transformed network - Two port network parameters using transformed variables-Cascaded networks

## **UNIT-VII Fourier analysis of A.C Circuits**

Fourier theorem- Trigonometric form and exponential form of Fourier series – conditions of symmetry- line spectra and phase angle spectra-Analysis of Electrical Circuits to Non sinusoidal periodic waveforms.

## **UNIT-VIII Fourier Transforms**

Fourier Integrals and Fourier Transforms – properties of Fourier Transforms and Application to Electrical Circuits.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Network Theory by N.Sreenivasulu, REEM Publications
- 2. Circuits & Networks by A. Sudhakar and Shyammohan S Palli, Tata McGraw- Hill
- 3. Electric Circuits- Schuam Series

- 1. Network Analysis by M.E Van Valkenberg, Prantice Hall India,  $3^{rd}$  Edition.
- 2. Electric circuit Analysis by C.L. Wadhwa, New Age international
- 3. Electric circuits by David A. Bell, Oxford University press

### B.Tech II-II Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

## (9A02407) ELECTRICAL MACHINES - II

#### **Objective :**

This subject facilitates to study the performance of Transformers which play a major role in transmission and distribution of electrical power and Induction motors which are the major part of industrial drives and agricultural pump sets.

## **UNIT-I: Single Phase Transformers – Construction & Operation**

Single phase transformers-types - constructional details-minimization of hystersis and eddy current losses-emf equation - operation on no load and on load - phasor diagrams

## **UNIT-II: Single Phase Transformers - Performance**

Equivalent circuit - losses and efficiency-regulation. All day efficiency - effect of variations of frequency & supply voltage on iron losses.

# UNIT-III: Testing of Single Phase Transformer and Autotransformer

OC and SC tests Sumpner's test - predetermination of efficiency and regulation-separation of losses test-parallel operation with equal and unequal voltage ratios - auto transformers-equivalent circuit - comparison with two winding transformers.

#### **UNIT-IV: Polyphase Transformers**

Polyphase transformers - Polyphase connections - Y/Y, Y/ $\Delta$ ,  $\Delta$ /Y,  $\Delta$ / $\Delta$  and open  $\Delta$ , Third harmonics in phase voltages-three winding transformers-tertiary windings- Scott connection.

#### **UNIT-V: Three phase Induction Motors**

Polyphase induction motors-construction details of cage and wound rotor machines-production of a rotating magnetic field - principle of

operation - rotor emf and rotor frequency - rotor reactance, rotor current and pf at standstill and during operation.

#### **UNIT-VI: Characteristics of Induction Motors**

Rotor power input, rotor copper loss and mechanical power developed and their inter relation-torque equation-deduction from torque equation expressions for maximum torque and starting torque - torque slip characteristic - double cage and deep bar rotors - equivalent circuit phasor diagram - crawling and cogging

#### **UNIT-VII: Circle Diagram of Induction Motors**

Circle diagram-no load and blocked rotor tests-predetermination of starting and starting current and torque calculations

#### **UNIT-VIII Speed Control Methods**

Speed control-change of frequency; change of poles and methods of consequent poles; cascade connection. injection of an emf into rotor circuit (qualitative treatment only)-induction generator-principle of operation.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Electric machinery A.E. Fitzgerald, C.Kingsley and S.Umans, Mc Graw Hill Companies, 5<sup>th</sup> edition
- 2. Electrical machines-PS Bhimbra, Khanna Publishers.
- 3. Electromechanics II, by Kamakshaiah

- 1. Performance and Design of AC Machines by MG.Say, BPB Publishers
- 2. Theory of Alternating Current Machinery- by Langsdorf, Tata McGraw-Hill Companies, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 3. Electric Machines –by I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari,Tata Mc Graw Hill, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.2005
- 4. Fundamentals of Electric Machines by B. R. Gupta, Vandana singhal, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, New age international Publishers

#### B.Tech II-II Sem. (E.E.E)

Т	Р	С
0	3	2

## (9A02408) ELECTRICAL MACHINES LAB – I

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

- 1. Magnetization characteristics of DC shunt generator. Determination of critical field resistance and critical speed.
- 2. Load test on DC shunt generator. Determination of characteristics.
- 3. Brake test on DC shunt motor. Determination of performance curves.
- 4. Load test on DC compound generator. Determination of characteristics.
- 5. Hopkinson's test on DC shunt machines. Predetermination of efficiency.
- 6. Fields test on DC series machines. Determination of efficiency.
- 7. Swinburne's test and speed control of DC shunt motor. Predetermination of efficiencies.
- 8. Brake test on DC compound motor. Determination of performance curves.

In addition to the above eight experiments, atleast any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:

- 9. Load test on DC series generator. Determination of characteristics.
- 10. Retardation test on DC shunt motor. Determination of losses at rated speed.
- 11. Separation of losses in DC shunt motor.

#### B.Tech II-II Sem. (E.E.E)

Т	Р	С
0	3	2

### (9A02409) ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS AND SIMULATION LAB

#### PART-A: ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS

- 1) Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's Theorems
- 2) Verification of Superposition theorem and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem
- 3) Verification of Compensation Theorem
- 4) Verification of Reciprocity, Millmann's Theorems
- 5) Locus Diagrams of RL and RC Series Circuits
- 6) Series and Parallel Resonance
- 7) Determination of Self, Mutual Inductances and Coefficient of coupling
- 8) Z and Y Parameters
- 9) Transmission and hybrid parameters
- 10) Measurement of Active Power for Star and Delta connected balanced loads
- 11) Measurement of Reactive Power for Star and Delta connected balanced loads
- 12) Measurement of 3-phase Power by two Wattmeter Method for unbalanced loads

## PART-B: PSPICE SIMULATION

- 1) Simulation of DC Circuits
- 2) DC Transient response
- 3) Mesh Analysis
- 4) Nodal Analysis

#### NOTE:

- PSPICE Software Package is necessary.
- Eight experiments are to be conducted from PART-A and any Two from PART-B

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B.Tech III-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9AHS401) MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS & FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Common to BT, CE, ECM, EEE, ME)

## UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Definition, nature and scope of managerial economics- relation with other disciplines- Demand Analysis: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions

## UNIT II: ELASTICITY OF DEMAND

Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. Demand forecasting, factors governing demand forecasting, methods of demand forecasting (Survey methods, Statistical methods, Expert opinion method, Test marketing, Controlled experiments, Judgmental approach to Demand Forecasting)

# UNIT III : THEORY OF PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS

Production Function – Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS, least cost combination of inputs, Cobb-Douglas production function, laws of returns, internal and external economies of scale.

**Cost Analysis**: Cost concepts, opportunity cost, fixed Vs variable costs, explicit costs Vs Implicit costs, out of pocket costs Vs Imputed costs. Break-Even Analysis (BEA) - Determination of Break Even Point (Simple Problems) - Managerial significance and limitations of BEA.

# UNIT IV: INTRODUCTION TO MARKETS AND PRICING POLICIES

Market structures: Types of competition, features of perfect competition, monopoly- monopolistic competition. Price-Output determination under perfect competition and monopoly - Methods of Pricing-cost plus pricing, marginal cost, limit pricing, skimming pricing, bundling pricing, sealed bid pricing and peak load pricing.

#### 2009-10 -

# UNIT V: BUSINESS ORGANISATIONS AND NEW ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

Characteristic features of business, features and evaluation of sole proprietorship, partnership, Joint Stock Company, public enterprises and their types, changing business environment in post-liberalization scenario.

### UNIT VI: CAPITAL AND CAPITAL BUDGETING

Capital and its significance, types of capital, estimation of fixed and working capital requirements, methods and sources of raising finance. Nature and scope of capital budgeting, features of capital budgeting proposal, methods of capital budgeting – payback method, accounting rate of return (ARR) and Net present value method (Simple problems).

## UNIT VII: INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

Double-Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance- Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments).

## UNIT VIII: FINANCIAL ANALYSIS THROUGH RATIOS

Computation, Analysis and Interpretation of financial statements through Liquidity Ratios (Current and Quick ratio), Activity ratios (Inventory Turnover Ratio and Debtor Turnover Ratio), Capital Structure Ratios (Debt- Equity Ratio, Interest Coverage Ratio) and Profitability ratios (Gross Profit Ratio, Net Profit Ratio, Operating Ratio, P/E Ratios and EPS), Du Pont Chart.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, 4/e, TMH, 2009.
- 2. Varshney & Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand, 2009.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Premchand Babu, Madan Mohan:Financial Accounting and Analysis,Himalaya, 2009
- 2. S.A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age International, 2009.
- 3. Joseph G. Nellis and David Parker: Principles of Business Economics, Pearson, 2/e, New Delhi.

- 4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics in a Global Economy, Cengage, 2009.
- 5. H.L.Ahuja: Managerial Economics, S.Chand, 3/e, 2009



#### B.Tech III-I Sem. (E.E.E)

Т	Р	С
4	0	4

#### (9A02501) ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENTS

#### **Objective :**

Electrical measurements course introduces the basic principles of all measuring instruments. It also deals with the measurement of RLC parameters voltage, current Power factor, power, energy and magnetic measurements and Digital Meters

## UNIT-I MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

Classification – deflecting, control and damping torques – Ammeters and Voltmeters – PMMC, Dynamometer, moving iron type instruments – expression for the deflecting torque and control torque – Errors and compensations, extension of range using shunts and series resistance.

# UNIT -II INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMERS AND P.F METER

CT and PT – Ratio and phase angle errors – design considerations. Types of P.F. Meters – dynamometer and moving iron type – 1-ph and 3-ph meters.

## UNIT -III MEASUREMENT OF POWER / ENERGY

Single phase dynamometer wattmeter, LPF and UPF, Double element and three element dynamometer wattmeter, expression for deflecting and control torques. Single phase induction type energy meter – driving and braking torques – errors and compensations. Three phase energy meter.

#### **UNIT –I V POTENTIOMETERS**

Principle and operation of D.C. Crompton's potentiometer – standardization – Measurement of unknown resistance, current, voltage. A.C. Potentiometers: polar and coordinate types standardization – applications.

## UNIT – V D.C & A.C BRIDGES

Method of measuring low, medium and high resistance – sensitivity of Wheatstone's bridge – Kelvin's double bridge for measuring low resistance, measurement of high resistance – loss of charge method. Measurement of inductance - Maxwell's bridge, Anderson's bridge.

Measurement of capacitance and loss angle - Desauty bridge. Wien's bridge – Schering Bridge.

## UNIT – VI MAGNETIC MEASUREMENTS

Ballistic galvanometer – equation of motion – flux meter – constructional details, comparison with ballistic galvanometer. Determination of B-H Loop methods of reversals - six point method – A.C. testing – Iron loss of bar samples.

# UNIT – VII OSCILLOSCOPE

Cathode Ray Oscilloscope- Cathode Ray tube-Time base generator-Horizontal and Vertical amplifiers – application of CRO – Measurement of phase , frequency, current & voltage- Lissajous pattern

## UNIT – VIII DIGITAL METERS

Digital Voltmeter-Successive approximation, ramp and integrating type-Digital frequency meter-Digital multimeter-Digital Tachometer

## TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Electrical Measurements and measuring Instruments by E.W. Golding and F.C. Widdis, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Reem Publications.
- 2. Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instruments by A.K.Sawhney Dhanpat Rai & Co. Publications.
- 3. Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation by R. K. Rajput, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, S. Chand & Co.
- 4. Electronic Instrumentation by H. S. Kalsi, Tata Grawhill Mc, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.

- 1. Electrical Measurements by Buckingham and Price, Prentice Hall
- 2. Electrical Measurements: Fundamentals, Concepts, Applications by Reissland, M.U, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.

#### B.Tech III-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

# (9A02502) TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRIC POWER Objective :

This course is an extension of Power systems-I course. It deals with basic theory of transmission lines modeling and their performance analysis. Also this course gives emphasis on mechanical design of transmission lines, cables and insulators.

## UNIT-I TRANSMISSION LINE PARAMETERS

Types of conductors - calculation of resistance for solid conductors - Calculation of inductance for single phase and three phase, single and double circuit lines, concept of GMR & GMD, symmetrical and asymmetrical conductor configuration with and without transposition, Numerical Problems.

Calculation of capacitance for 2 wire and 3 wire systems, effect of ground on capacitance, capacitance calculations for symmetrical and asymmetrical single and three phase, single and double circuit lines, Numerical Problems.

# UNIT-II PERFORMANCE OF SHORT AND MEDIUM TRANSMISSION LINES

Classification of Transmission Lines - Short, medium and long line and their model - representations - Nominal-T, Nominal-Pie and A, B, C, D Constants. Numerical Problems. Mathematical Solutions to estimate regulation and efficiency of all types of lines - Numerical Problems.

#### UNIT-III PERFORMANCE OF LONG TRANSMISSION LINES

Long Transmission Line-Rigorous Solution, evaluation of A,B,C,D Constants, Interpretation of the Long Line Equations – Representation of Long lines – Equivalent T and Equivalent –  $\pi$  – surge Impedance and surge Impedance loading - wavelengths and Velocity of propagation – Ferranti effect, Charging current.

## **UNIT – IV POWER SYSTEM TRANSIENTS**

Types of System Transients - Travelling or Propagation of Surges -Attenuation, Distortion, Reflection and Refraction Coefficients -Termination of lines with different types of conditions - Open Circuited Line, Short Circuited Line, T-Junction, Lumped Reactive Junctions

(Numerical Problems). Bewley's Lattice Diagrams (for all the cases mentioned with numerical examples).

## UNIT-V CORONA

Corona - Description of the phenomenon, factors affecting corona, critical voltages and power loss, Radio Interference.

# UNIT-VI OVERHEAD LINE INSULATORS

Types of Insulators, String efficiency and Methods for improvement, Numerical Problems - voltage distribution, calculation of string efficiency, Capacitance grading and Static Shielding.

# UNIT-VII SAG AND TENSION CALCULATIONS

Sag and Tension Calculations with equal and unequal heights of towers, Effect of Wind and Ice on weight of Conductor, Numerical Problems -Stringing chart and sag template and its applications.

## UNIT-VIII UNDERGROUND CABLES

Types of Cables, Construction, Types of Insulating materials, Calculations of Insulation resistance and stress in insulation, Numerical Problems. Capacitance of Single and 3-Core belted cables, Numerical Problems.

Grading of Cables - Capacitance grading, Numerical Problems, Description of Inter-sheath grading.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. A Text Book on Power System Engineering by M.L.Soni, P.V.Gupta, U.S.Bhatnagar, A.Chakrabarthy, Dhanpat Rai & Co Pvt. Ltd.
- Electrical power systems by C.L.Wadhwa, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 1998.
- Power System Engineering by R. K. Rajput, Laxmi Publications, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition.

- 1. Power system Analysis-by John J Grainger, William D Stevenson, TMC Companies, 4th edition
- 2. Power System Analysis and Design by B.R.Gupta, S. Chand & Co, 6<sup>th</sup> Revised Edition, 2010.
- Modern Power System Analysis by I.J.Nagarath and D.P.Kothari, Tata McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. 3.
- Electric Power Transmission System Engineering: Analysis and Design, by Turan Gonen, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, CRC Press.
   Electric Power Systems by S. A. Nasar, Schaum's Outline Series,
- Revised 1<sup>st</sup> Edition. TMH.

#### **B.Tech III-I Sem. (E.E.E)**

T P C 4 0 4

## (9A02503) CONTROL SYSTEMS

#### (Common to EEE, ECE, E Con E, EIE)

#### **Objective:**

In this course it is aimed to introduce to the students the principles and applications of control systems in everyday life. The basic concepts of block diagram reduction, time domain analysis solutions to time invariant systems and also deals with the different aspects of stability analysis of systems in frequency domain and time domain.

# **UNIT - I INTRODUCTION**

Concepts of Control Systems- Open Loop and closed loop control systems and their differences- Examples of control systems-Classification of control systems, Feed-Back Characteristics, Effects of feedback. Mathematical models – Differential equations, Impulse Response and transfer functions - Translational and Rotational mechanical systems

## UNIT II TRANSFER FUNCTION REPRESENTATION

Transfer Function of DC Servo motor - AC Servo motor- Synchro transmitter and Receiver -Block diagram algebra –Signal flow graph - Reduction using Mason's gain formula.

## UNIT-III TIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS

Standard test signals - Time response of first order systems – Characteristic Equation of Feedback control systems, Transient response of second order systems - Time domain specifications – Steady state response - Steady state errors and error constants – Effects of proportional, integral, derivative Controls.

#### UNIT – IV STABILITY ANALYSIS IN S-DOMAIN

The concept of stability – Routh's stability criterion – qualitative stability and conditional stability – limitations of Routh's stability. The

root locus concept - construction of root loci-effects of adding poles and zeros to G(s)H(s) on the root loci.

### **UNIT – V FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS**

Introduction, Frequency domain specifications-Bode diagrams-Determination of Frequency domain specifications and transfer function from the Bode Diagram-Phase margin and Gain margin-Stability Analysis from Bode Plots.

## UNIT - VI STABILITY ANALYSIS IN FREQUENCY DOMAIN

Polar Plots-Nyquist Plots-Stability Analysis.

# UNIT – VII CLASSICAL CONTROL DESIGN TECHNIQUES

Compensation techniques – Lag, Lead, Lead-Lag Controllers design in frequency Domain, P, PD, PI, PID Controllers.

# UNIT – VIII STATE SPACE ANALYSIS OF CONTINUOUS SYSTEMS

Concepts of state, state variables and state model, derivation of state models from block diagrams, Diagonalization- Solving the Time invariant state Equations- State Transition Matrix and it's Properties.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Automatic Control Systems- by B. C. Kuo and Farid Golnaraghi John wiley and son's, 8th edition, 2003.
- 2. Control Systems Engineering by I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 2007.
- 3. Control Systems A. Anand Kumar, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.,

- 1. Modern Control Engineering by Katsuhiko Ogata Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 2010.
- 2. Control Systems Engineering by NISE 5<sup>th</sup> Edition John wiley.
- 3. —Modelling & Control Of Dynamic Systems|| by Narciso F. Macia George J. Thaler, Thomson Publishers.
- 4. Modern Control Engineering by Yaduvir Singh and S. Janardhan, CENGAGE Learning.

#### B.Tech III-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

## (9A02504) POWER ELECTRONICS (Common to EEE, E Con E)

#### **Objective :**

With the advent of semiconductor devices, revolution is taking place in the power transmission distribution and utilization. This course introduces the basic concepts of power semiconductor devices, converters and choppers and their analysis.

## **UNIT - I POWER SEMI CONDUCTOR DEVICES**

Thyristors – Silicon Controlled Rectifiers (SCR's) – BJT – Power MOSFET – Power IGBT and their characteristics and other thyristors – Basic theory of operation of SCR – Static characteristics – Turn on and turn off methods- Dynamic characteristics of SCR - Turn on and Turn off times -Salient points

## **UNIT – II DEVICES AND COMMUTATION CIRCUITS**

Two transistor analogy – SCR – R and RC Triggering - UJT firing circuit — Series and parallel connections of SCR's – Snubber circuit details – Specifications and Ratings of SCR's, BJT, IGBT - Numerical problems – Line Commutation and Forced Commutation circuits.

# UNIT – III SINGLE PHASE HALF CONTROLLED CONVERTERS

Phase control technique – Single phase Line commutated converters – Mid point and Bridge connections – Half controlled converters with Resistive, RL loads and RLE load– Derivation of average load voltage and current -Active and Reactive power inputs to the converters without and with Free wheeling Diode –Numerical problems

# UNIT – IV SINGLE PHASE FULLY CONTROLLED CONVERTERS

Fully controlled converters, Mid point and Bridge connections with Resistive, RL loads - Derivation of average load voltage and current –

Line commutated inverters -Active and Reactive power inputs to the converters without and with Free wheeling Diode, Effect of source inductance – Derivation of load voltage and current – Numerical problems.

# UNIT – V THREE PHASE LINE COMMUTATED CONVERTERS

Three phase converters – Three pulse and six pulse converters – Mid point and bridge connections average load voltage With R and RL loads – Effect of Source inductance–Dual converters (both single phase and three phase) - Waveforms –Numerical Problems.

## UNIT – VI AC VOLTAGE CONTROLLERS & CYCLO CONVERTERS

AC voltage controllers – Single phase two SCR's in anti parallel – With R and RL loads – modes of operation of Triac – Triac with R and RL loads – Derivation of RMS load voltage, current and power factor wave forms – Firing circuits -Numerical problems -Cyclo converters – Single phase mid point cyclo converters with Resistive and inductive load (Principle of operation only) – Bridge configuration of single phase cyclo converter (Principle of operation only) – Waveforms

#### UNIT – VII CHOPPERS

Choppers – Time ratio control and Current limit control strategies – Step down choppers Derivation of load voltage and currents with R, RL and RLE loads- Step up Chopper – load voltage expression

Morgan's chopper – Jones chopper and Oscillation chopper (Principle of operation only) Waveforms — AC Chopper – Problems.

## UNIT – VIII INVERTERS

Inverters – Single phase inverter – Basic series inverter – Basic parallel Capacitor inverter bridge inverter – Waveforms – Simple forced commutation circuits for bridge inverters – Mc Murray and Mc Murray

– Bedford inverters - Voltage control techniques for inverters Pulse width modulation techniques – Numerical problems.

#### **TEXT BOOKS :**

- 1. Power Electronics by M. D. Singh & K. B. Kanchandhani, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing company, 1998.
- 2. Power Electronics : Circuits, Devices and Applications by M. H. Rashid, Prentice Hall of India, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 1998.
- 3. Power Electronics by V.R.Murthy , OXFORD University Press, 1<sup>st</sup> edition -2005.
- 4. Power Electronics-by P.C.Sen, Tata Mc Graw-Hill Publishing.

- 1. Power Electronics by Vedam Subramanyam, New Age International (P) Limited, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- Thyristorised Power Controllers by G. K. Dubey, S. R. Doradla, A. Joshi and R. M. K. Sinha, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1996.
- 3. Principles of Power Electronics by John G. Kassakian, Martin F. Schlecht and George C. Verghese, Pearson.
- 4. Power Electronics Essentials & Applications by L. Umanand, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.

#### **B.Tech III-I Sem. (E.E.E)**

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A02505) ELECTRICAL MACHINES - III

#### **Objective :**

This subject is an extension of previous machines courses. It deals with the detailed analysis of Synchronous generators and motors which are the prime source of electrical power generation and its utilities. Also concerns about the different types of single phase motors which are having significant applications in house hold appliances and control systems.

## UNIT - I CONSTRUCTION AND PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

Constructional Features of round rotor and salient pole machines – Armature windings – Integral slot and fractional slot windings; Distributed and concentrated windings – distribution, pitch and winding factors – E.M.F Equation.

## UNIT-I SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR CHARACTERISTICS

Harmonics in generated e.m.f. – suppression of harmonics – armature reaction - leakage reactance – synchronous reactance and impedance – experimental determination - phasor diagram – load characteristics.

## **UNIT – III REGULATION OF SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR**

Regulation by synchronous impedance method, M.M.F. method, Z.P.F. method and A.S.A. methods – salient pole alternators – two reaction analysis – experimental determination of  $X_d$  and  $X_q$  (Slip test) Phasor diagrams – Regulation of salient pole alternators.

# UNIT – IV PARALLEL OPERATION OF SYNCHRONOUS GENERATORS

Synchronizing alternators with infinite bus bars – synchronizing power torque – parallel operation and load sharing - Effect of change of excitation and mechanical power input. Analysis of short circuit current

wave form – determination of sub-transient, transient and steady state reactances.

# UNIT – V SYNCHRONOUS MOTORS – PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

Theory of operation – phasor diagram – Variation of current and power factor with excitation – V and Inverted V Curves - Power developed – Synchronous Condenser.

## UNIT-VI POWER CIRCLES

Excitation and power circles – hunting and its suppression – Methods of starting – synchronous induction motor.

## UNIT – VII SINGLE PHASE MOTORS

Single phase induction motor – Constructional features - Double revolving field theory – Elementary idea of cross-field theory – split-phase motors – shaded pole motor.

## UNIT – VIII SPECIAL MOTORS

Principle & performance of A.C. Series motor-Universal motor – Principle of permanent magnet and reluctance motors.

#### TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Electric Machines by I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari, Tata Mc Graw-Hill Publishers, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- 2. Electrical Machines by P.S. Bimbra, Khanna Publishers.

- 1. The Performance and Design of A.C.Machines by M.G.Say, ELBS and Ptiman & Sons.
- Electric Machinery by A.E. Fitzgerald, C.Kingsley and S.Umans, Mc Graw-Hill Companies, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 1990.
- 3. Theory of Alternating Current Machinery by Langsdorf, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 4. Electromachanics-III (Synchronous and single phase machines), S.Kamakashiah, Overseas publishers Pvt Ltd.
- 5. Electric Machines by M. S. Sarma and M. K. Pathak, CENGAGE Learning.

B.Tech III-I Sem. (E.E.E)	Т	Р	С
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#### (9A02506) ELECTRICAL MACHINES LAB - II

# The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

- 1. O.C. & S.C. Tests on Single phase Transformer
- 2. Sumpner's test on a pair of single phase transformers
- 3. Scott connection of transformers
- 4. No-load & Blocked rotor tests on three phase Induction motor
- 5. Regulation of a three –phase alternator by synchronous impedance & m.m.f. methods
- 6. V and Inverted V curves of a 3 phase synchronous motor.
- 7. Equivalent Circuit of a single phase induction motor
- 8. Determination of Xd and Xq of a salient pole synchronous machine

#### In addition to the above eight experiments, atleast any two of the following experiments are required to be conducted from the following list:

- 1. Parallel operation of Single phase Transformers
- 2. Separation of core losses of a single phase transformer
- 3. Brake test on three phase Induction Motor
- 4. Regulation of three-phase alternator by Z.P.F. and A.S.A methods

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Electrical Machines Lab manual with MATLAB Programs by Dr. D. K. Chaturvedi, University Science Press.

B.Tech III-I Sem. (E.E.E)	Т	Р	С
	0	3	2

#### (9A02507) CONTROL SYSTEMS AND SIMULATION LAB

#### Any Eight of the following experiments are to be conducted:

- 1. Time response of Second order system
- 2. Characteristics of Synchros
- 3. Programmable logic controller Study and verification of truth tables of logic gates, simple Boolean expressions and application of speed control of motor.
- 4. Effect of feedback on DC servo motor
- 5. Transfer function of DC Machine
- 6. Effect of P, PD, PI, PID Controller on a second order systems
- 7. Lag and lead compensation Magnitude and phase plot
- 8. Temperature controller using PID
- 9. Characteristics of magnetic amplifiers
- 10. Characteristics of AC servo motor

#### Any two simulation experiments are to be conducted:

- 1. PSPICE simulation of Op-Amp based Integrator and Differentiator circuits.
- 2. Linear system analysis (Time domain analysis, Error analysis) using MATLAB.
- 3. Stability analysis (Bode, Root Locus, Nyquist) of Linear Time Invariant system using MATLAB
- 4. State space model for classical transfer function using MATLAB Verification.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Simulation of Electrical and electronics Circuits using PSPICE by M.H.Rashid, M/s PHI Publications.
- 2. PSPICE A/D user's manual Microsim, USA.
- 3. PSPICE reference guide Microsim, USA.
- 4. MATLAB and its Tool Books user's manual and Mathworks, USA.



#### **B.Tech III-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

P C 0 4

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4

# (9AHS701) MANAGEMENT SCIENCE (Common to ECM, EEE)

#### UNIT I

### **INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT:**

Concepts of Management and organization- nature, importance and Functions of Management, Taylor's Scientific Management Theory, Fayol's Principles of Management, Mayo's Hawthorne Experiments, Maslow's Theory of Human Needs, Douglas McGregor's Theory X and Theory Y, Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory of Motivation, Systems Approach to Management, Leadership Styles, Social responsibilities of Management.

#### UNIT II

# DESIGNING ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURES:

Basic concepts related to Organisation - Departmentation and Decentralisation, Types of mechanistic and organic structures of organisation (Line organization, Line and staff organization, functional organization, Committee organization, matrix organization, Virtual Organisation, Cellular Organisation, team structure, boundaryless organization, inverted pyramid structure, lean and flat organization structure) and their merits, demerits and suitability.

# UNIT III OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT:

Principles and Types of Plant Layout-Methods of production (Job, batch and Mass Production), Work Study -Basic procedure involved in Method Study and Work Measurement- Statistical Quality Control: chart, R chart, c chart, p chart, (simple Problems), Acceptance Sampling, Deming's contribution to quality.

## UNIT IV

## MATERIALS MANAGEMENT:

Objectives, Need for Inventory control, EOQ, ABC Analysis, Purchase Procedure, Stores Management and Stores Records.

**Marketing:** Functions of Marketing, Marketing Mix, Marketing Strategies based on Product Life Cycle, Channels of distribution

#### UNIT V

#### HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT (HRM):

Concepts of HRM, HRD and Personnel Management and Industrial Relations (PMIR), HRM vs.PMIR, Basic functions of HR Manager: Manpower planning, Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development, Placement, Wage and Salary Administration, Promotion, Transfer, Separation, Performance Appraisal, Grievance Handling and Welfare Administration, Job Evaluation and Merit Rating.

### UNIT VI

# **PROJECT MANAGEMENT (PERT/CPM):**

Network Analysis, Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Critical Path Method (CPM), Identifying critical path, Probability of Completing the project within given time, Project Cost Analysis, Project Crashing. (simple problems)

# UNIT VII

### STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT:

Mission, Goals, Objectives, Policy, Strategy, Programmes, Elements of Corporate Planning Process, Environmental Scanning, Value Chain Analysis, SWOT Analysis, Steps in Strategy Formulation and Implementation, Generic Strategy alternatives.

#### UNIT VIII CONTEMPORARY MANAGEMENT PRACTICES:

Basic concepts of MIS, End User Computing, Materials Requirement Planning (MRP), Just-In-Time (JIT) System, Total Quality Management (TQM), Six sigma and Capability Maturity Model (CMM) Levels, Supply Chain Management, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP), Performance Management, Business Process outsourcing (BPO), Business Process Re-engineering and Bench Marking, Balanced Score Card.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Aryasri: Management Science, TMH, 2004.
- 2. Stoner, Freeman, Gilbert, Management, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2004.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Kotler Philip & Keller Kevin Lane: Marketing Mangement 12/e, PHI, 2005.
- 2. Koontz & Weihrich: Essentials of Management, 6/e, TMH, 2005.
- 3. Thomas N.Duening & John M.Ivancevich Management—Principles and Guidelines, Biztantra, 2003.
- 4. Kanishka Bedi, Production and Operations Management, Oxford University Press, 2004.
- 5. Memoria & S.V.Gauker, Personnel Management, Himalaya, 25/e, 2005
- 6. Samuel C.Certo: Modern Management, 9/e, PHI, 2005
- 7. Schermerhorn, Capling, Poole & Wiesner: Management, Wiley, 2002.
- 8. Parnell: Strategic Management, Biztantra, 2003.
- 9. Lawrence R Jauch, R.Gupta & William F.Glueck: Business Policy and Strategic Management, Frank Bros., 2005.
- 10. L.S.Srinath: PERT/CPM, Affiliated East-West Press, 2005.

#### **B.Tech III-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A02601) POWER SEMICONDUCTOR DRIVES

#### **Objective:**

This course is an extension of Power Electronics applications to AC and DC drives. Control of DC motor drives with single phase and three phase converters and choppers are given in detail. The control of AC motor drives with variable frequency converters and variable voltage are presented.

# UNIT – I CONTROL OF DC MOTORS BY SINGLE PHASE CONVERTERS

Introduction to Thyristor controlled Drives, Single Phase semi and Fully controlled converters connected to d.c separately excited and d.c series motors – continuous current operation – output voltage and current waveforms – Speed and Torque expressions – Speed – Torque Characteristics- Problems on Converter fed d.c motors.

# UNIT-II CONTROL OF DC MOTORS BY THREE PHASE CONVERTERS

Three phase semi and fully controlled converters connected to d.c separately excited and d.c series motors – output voltage and current waveforms – Speed and Torque expressions – Speed – Torque characteristics – Problems.

# **UNIT – III FOUR QUADRANT OPERATION OF DC DRIVES**

Introduction to Four quadrant operation – Motoring operations, Electric Braking – Plugging, Dynamic and Regenerative Braking operations. Four quadrant operation of D.C motors by dual converters – Closed loop operation of DC motor (Block Diagram Only)

#### UNIT-IV CONTROL OF DC MOTORS BY CHOPPERS

Single quadrant, Two –quadrant and four quadrant chopper fed dc separately excited and series excited motors – Continuos current operation – Output voltage and current wave forms – Speed torque expressions – speed torque characteristics – Problems on Chopper fed d.c Motors – Closed Loop operation (Block Diagram Only)

# UNIT – V CONTROL OF INDUCTION MOTOR THROUGH STATOR VOLTAGE

Variable voltage characteristics-Control of Induction Motor by Ac Voltage Controllers – Waveforms – speed torque characteristics.

# UNIT – VI CONTROL OF INDUCTION MOTOR THROUGH STATOR FREQUENCY

Variable frequency characteristics-Variable frequency control of induction motor by Voltage source and current source inverter and cyclo converters- PWM control – Comparison of VSI and CSI operations – Speed torque characteristics – numerical problems on induction motor drives – Closed loop operation of induction motor drives (Block Diagram Only)

#### UNIT -VII CONTROL OF INDUCTION MOTOR FROM ROTOR SIDE

Static rotor resistance control – Slip power recovery – Static Scherbius drive – Static Kramer Drive – their performance and speed torque characteristics – advantages - applications – problems

## UNIT – VIII CONTROL OF SYNCHRONOUS MOTORS

Separate control & self control of synchronous motors – Operation of self controlled synchronous motors by VSI and CSI cycloconverters. Load commutated CSI fed Synchronous Motor – Operation – Waveforms – speed torque characteristics – Applications – Advantages and Numerical Problems – Closed Loop control operation of synchronous motor drives (Block Diagram Only).

## 2009-10 <sup>-</sup>

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Electric Drives by G K Dubey Narosa Publications
- 2. Power Electronic Circuits, Devices and applications by M.H.Rashid, PHI.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Power Electronics MD Singh and K B Khanchandani, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, 1998
- 2. Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives by B.K.Bose, PHI.
- 3. Thyristor Control of Electric drives Vedam Subramanyam, Tata McGraw Hill Publications.
- Analysis of Thyristor Power conditioned motors, S K Pillai, Universities press, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition.

#### B.Tech III-II Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A02602) POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS

#### **Objective :**

This course introduces formation of Y bus and Z bus of a Power System, power flow studies by various methods. It also deals with short circuit analysis and analysis of power system for steady state and transient stability.

# UNIT -I POWER SYSTEM NETWORK MATRICES-I

Representation of Power system elements, Essential characteristics of a good Algorithm, Steps involved in solving a problem using Digital computer - Graph Theory: Definitions, Bus Incidence Matrix,  $Y_{bus}$  formation by Direct and Singular Transformation Methods, Numerical Problems.

# UNIT -II POWER SYSTEM NETWORK MATRICES-II

Formation of  $Z_{Bus}$ : Partial network, Algorithm for the Modification of  $Z_{Bus}$  Matrix for addition element for the following cases: Addition of element from a new bus to reference, Addition of element from a new bus to an old bus, Addition of element between an old bus to reference and Addition of element between two old busses (Derivations and Numerical Problems).- Modification of  $Z_{Bus}$  for the changes in network (Problems )

#### UNIT –III POWER FLOW STUDIES-I

Necessity of Power Flow Studies – Data for Power Flow Studies – Derivation of Static load flow equations – Load flow solutions using Gauss Seidel Method: Acceleration Factor, Load flow solution with and without P-V buses, Algorithm and Flowchart. Numerical Load flow Solution for Simple Power Systems (Max. 3-Buses): Determination of Bus Voltages, Injected Active and Reactive Powers (Sample One Iteration only) and finding Line Flows/Losses for the given Bus Voltages.

# UNIT – IV POWER FLOW STUDIES-II

Newton Raphson Method in Rectangular and Polar Co-Ordinates Form: Load Flow Solution with or without PV Busses- Derivation of Jacobian Elements, Algorithm and Flowchart. Decoupled and Fast Decoupled Methods.- Comparison of Different Methods – DC load Flow

#### UNIT – V SHORT CIRCUIT ANALYSIS-I

Per-Unit System of Representation. Per-Unit equivalent reactance network of a three phase Power System, Numerical Problems. Symmetrical fault Analysis: Short Circuit Current and MVA Calculations, Fault levels, Application of Series Reactors, Numerical Problems.

## UNIT -VI SHORT CIRCUIT ANALYSIS-II

Symmetrical Component Theory: Symmetrical Component Transformation, Positive, Negative and Zero sequence components: Voltages, Currents and Impedances. Sequence Networks: Positive, Negative and Zero sequence Networks, Numerical Problems. Unsymmetrical Fault Analysis: LG, LL, LLG faults with and without fault impedance, Numerical Problems.

#### UNIT -VII POWER SYSTEM STEADY STATE STABILITY ANALYSIS

Elementary concepts of Steady State, Dynamic and Transient Stabilities. Description of: Steady State Stability Power Limit, Transfer Reactance, Synchronizing Power Coefficient, Power Angle Curve and Determination of Steady State Stability and Methods to improve steady state stability.

#### UNIT –VIII POWER SYSTEM TRANSIENT STATE STABILITY ANALYSIS

Derivation of Swing Equation. Determination of Transient Stability by Equal Area Criterion, Application of Equal Area Criterion, Critical Clearing Angle Calculation. Solution of Swing equation by 4<sup>th</sup> order Range – Kutta Method (up to 2 iterations) - Methods to improve Stability - Application of Auto Reclosing and Fast Operating Circuit Breakers.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Computer Methods in Power Systems, Stagg El Abiad & Stags, Mc Graw-hill Edition.
- Modern Power system Analysis by I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 3. Power System Analysis by Nagsarkar and Sukhija, OXFORD University Press.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Power System Analysis by Grainger and Stevenson, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Computer Techniques in Power System Analysis by M A Pai, Second Edition, TMH.
- 3. Power System Analysis and Design by B.R.Gupta, S. Chand & Co, 6<sup>th</sup> Revised Edition, 2010.
- 4. Computer Modeling of Electrical Power Systems by J. Arrillaga and N. R. Watson, John Wiley Student Edition, 2/e.
- 5. Computer Techniques and Models in Power Systems by K. Uma Rao, I. K. International.
- Electric Power Systems by S. A. Nasar, Schaum's Outline Series, Revised 1<sup>st</sup> Edition. TMH.
- 7. Power System Analysis by Glovar and Sarma, Thomson Publishers.

#### **B.Tech III-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

#### (9A04602) MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS (Common to CSE, ECE, E Con E, EIE, EEE)

# UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Architecture of 8086 microprocessor, special functions of general purpose registers.8086 flag register and function of 8086 flags, addressing modes of 8086,instruction set of 8086.assembler directives, simple programs, procedures and macros.

#### UNIT-II

## ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING

Assembly language programs involving logical, branch and call instructions, sorting, evaluation of arithmetic expressions, string manipulation.

#### UNIT-III

# **ARCHITECTURE OF 8086 & INTERFACING**

Pin diagram of 8086-Minimum mode and maximum mode of operation, Timing diagram, memory interfacing to 8086(static RAM and EPROM). Need for DMA. DMA data transfer method. Interfacing with 8237/8257.

#### UNIT-IV

# PROGRAMMABLE INTERFACING DEVICES

8255 PPI-various modes of operation and interfacing to 8086.interfacing keyboard and display controller- 8279, stepper motor and actuators. D/A and A/D converter interfacing, Interrupt structure of 8086, Vector interrupt table. Interrupt service routines. Introduction to DOS and BIOS interrupts. 8259 PIC architecture and interfacing cascading of interrupt controller and its importance.

#### UNIT-V

### SERIAL DATA TRANSFER SCHEMES

Asynchronous and synchronous data transfer schemes.8251 USART architecture and interfacing.TTL to RS232C and RS232C to TTL

conversion. Sample program of serial data transfer. Introduction to high-speed serial communications standards, USB.

## UNIT-VI

# PROGRAMMABLE INTERRUPT CONTROLLERS

PIC 8259, Programming with 8259, Programmable interval timer 8253, Modes of 8253, Programming examples with 8253.

### UNIT-VII

# 8051 MICROCONTROLLER AND ITS PROGRAMMING

Architecture of micro controller-8051 Microcontroller-internal and external memories-counters and timers-synchronous serial-cum asynchronous serial communication-interrupts. Addressing modes of 8051, Instructor set of 8051, Assembly Language Programming examples using 8051.

#### UNIT-VIII

# ADVANCED MICROCONTROLLERS

MCS – 96 Microcontrollers: Important Features, Pin Diagram, Internal Architecture, Memory Map, Addressing Modes, Instruction set. ARM Microcontrollers: ARM Core Architecture, Versions of ARM, Important Features.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Advanced microprocessor and peripherals-A.K. Ray and K.M.Bhurchandi, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, TMH, 2000.
- 2. Microcontrollers-Deshmukh, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Edition, 2004.
- 3. Microcontrollers Architecture, programming, interfacing and system Design-Raj kamal, Pearson Education, 2005.

# **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Microprocessors Interfacing-Douglas V.Hall, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2007.
- 2. The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors- Walter A. Triebel, Avtar Singh, PHI, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2003.
- 3. Micro computer system 8066/8088 family Architecture, programming and Design-By Liu and GA Gibson, PHI, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.
- 4. 8051 Microcontroller-Internals, Instructions, Programming and Interfacing by Subrata Ghoshal, Pearson, 2010.

#### **B.Tech III-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

T P C 4 0 4

#### (9A02603) POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL

#### **Objective :**

This subject deals with Economic operation of Power Systems, Hydrothermal schedulings and modeling of turbines, generators and automatic controllers. It emphasizes on single area and two area load frequency control and reactive power control.

# UNIT - I ECONOMIC OPERATION OF POWER SYSTEMS-I

Optimal operation of Generators in Thermal Power Stations, - heat rate Curve – Cost Curve – Incremental fuel and Production costs, inputoutput characteristics, Optimum generation allocation with line losses neglected.

# UNIT – II ECONOMIC OPERATION OF POWER SYSTEMS-II

Optimum generation allocation including the effect of transmission line losses – Loss Coefficients, General transmission line loss formula.

# UNIT - III HYDROTHERMAL SCHEDULING

Optimal scheduling of Hydrothermal System: Hydroelectric power plant models, Scheduling problems-Short term Hydrothermal scheduling problem.

# UNIT –IV MODELING OF TURBINE, GOVERNOR

Modelling of Turbine: First order Turbine model, Block Diagram representation of Steam Turbines and Approximate Linear Models. Modelling of Governor: Mathematical Modelling of Speed Governing System – Derivation of small signal transfer function – Block Diagram.

### UNIT – V LOAD FREQUENCY CONTROL - I

Necessity of keeping frequency constant.

Definitions of Control area – Single area control – Block diagram representation of an isolated power system – Steady state analysis – Dynamic response – Uncontrolled case. Load frequency control of 2area system – uncontrolled case and controlled case, tie-line bias control

## UNIT-VI LOAD FREQUENCY CONTROL - II

Proportional plus Integral control of single area and its block diagram representation, steady state response – Load Frequency Control and Economic dispatch control.

# UNIT – VII REACTIVE POWER CONTROL

Overview of Reactive Power control – Reactive Power compensation in transmission systems – advantages and disadvantages of different types of compensating equipment for transmission systems; load compensation – Specifications of load compensator, Uncompensated and compensated transmission lines; shunt and Series Compensation.

# UNIT – VIII POWER SYSTEM RESTRUCTURING [4]

Introduction – Need for Regulation – Motivation for Power System Restructuring – Key issues in Deregulation.

### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Power System Analysis Operation and Control A. Chakravarthi and S. Halder, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, PHI.
- 2. Modern Power System Analysis by I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari Tata M Graw – Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 3. Electric Energy Systems by O I Elgerd, Mc Graw-hill Edition.
- 4. Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution by S. N. Singh, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI.
- An Introduction to: Reactive Power Control and Voltage Stability in Power Transmission Systems by Abhijit Chakrabarti, D. P. Kothari, A. K. Mukhopadhyay and Abhinandan De, Eastern Economy Edition, 2010.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Power System Analysis and Design by J.Duncan Glover and M.S.Sarma., THOMPSON, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- Electric Power Systems by S. A. Nasar, Schaum's Outline Series, Revised 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, TMH.

#### **B.Tech III-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

T P C 4 0 4

## (9A10504) LINEAR & DIGITAL IC APPLICATIONS

## UNIT I INTEGRATED CIRCUITS:

Classification, chip size and circuit complexity, basic information of Opamp, ideal and practical Op-amp, internal circuits, Op-amp characteristics, DC and AC characteristics, 741 op-amp and its features, modes of operation-inverting, non-inverting, differential

# UNIT II OP-AMP APPLICATIONS:

Basic application of Op-amp, instrumentation amplifier, ac amplifier, V to I and I to V converters, sample & hold circuits, multipliers and dividers, Differentiators and Integrators, Comparators, Schmitt trigger, Multivibrators, introduction to voltage regulators, features of 723.

### UNIT III

# ACTIVE FILTERS & OSCILLATORS:

Introduction, 1st order LPF, HPF filters. Band pass, Band reject and all pass filters. Oscillator types and principle of operation – RC, Wien and quadrature type, waveform generators – triangular, sawtooth, square wave and VCO.

### UNIT IV TIMERS & PHASE LOCKED LOOPS:

Introduction to 555 timer, functional diagram, monostable and astable operations and applications, Schmitt Trigger. PLL - introduction, block schematic, principles and description of individual blocks of 565.

### UNIT V

### **D-A AND A- D CONVERTERS:**

Introduction, basic DAC techniques, weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC, inverted R-2R DAC, and IC 1408 DAC, Different types of

ADCs - parallel comparator type ADC, counter type ADC, successive approximation ADC and dual slope ADC, DAC and ADC specifications.

## UNIT VI

Classification of Integrated circuits, comparison of various logic families, standard TTL NAND Gate- Analysis& characteristics, TTL open collector O/Ps, Tristate TTL, MOS & CMOS open drain and tristate outputs, CMOS transmission gate, IC interfacing- TTL driving CMOS & CMOS driving TTL.

#### UNIT VII

Design using TTL-74XX & CMOS 40XX series, code converters, decoders, Demultiplexers, decoders & drives for LED & LCD display. Encoder, priority Encoder, multiplexers & their applications, priority generators/checker circuits. Digital arithmetic circuits-parallel binary adder/subtractor circuits using 2\*s, Complement system. Digital comparator circuits.

## UNIT VIII SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS:

Flip-flops & their conversions. Design of synchronous counters, Decade counter, shift registers & applications, familiarities with commonly available 74XX & CMOS 40XX series of IC counters.

**MEMORIES:** ROM architecture, types & applications, RAM architecture, Static & Dynamic RAMs, synchronous DRAMs.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Linear Integrated Circuits –D. Roy Chowdhury, New Age International (p) Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2003.
- 2. Op-Amps & Linear ICs Ramakanth A. Gayakwad, PHI, 1987.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Operational Amplifiers & Linear Integrated Circuits – R.F. Coughlin & Fredrick F. Driscoll, PHI, 1977.

- 2. Operational Amplifiers & Linear Integrated Circuits: Theory & Applications –Denton J. Daibey, TMH.
- 3. Design with Operational Amplifiers&Analog Integrated Circuits-Sergio Franco, McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., 2002.
- 4. Digital Fundamentals Floyd and Jain, Pearson Education, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2005.



#### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### B.Tech III-II Sem. (E.E.E)

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# (9AHS601) ADVANCED ENGLISH COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

# (Common to ECE, E Con E, ECM, EIE, EEE, ME, AE)

## 1. Introduction

The Advanced English Language Skills Lab introduced at the 3<sup>rd</sup> year B.Tech level is considered essential for the student for focusing on his/her career. At this stage it is imperative for the student to start preparing for the ever growing competition in the job market. In this scenario, in order to be on par with the best, he/she needs to improve his/her Communication and soft skills

This course focuses on the practical aspects of English incorporating all the four (LRSW) skills relevant to the requirements of the prospective employers in view of globalization. The proposed course will enable the students to perform the following:

- Intensive reading to improve comprehension and communication
- Attentive listening for better understanding
- Write project/research/technical reports
- Write Resume' to attract attention
- Discuss ideas / opinions for better solutions
- Face interviews confidently
- Gather information, organize ideas, and present them effectively before an audience
- To help the students cultivate the habit of reading passages from the computer monitor, thus providing them with the required ability to face computer-based competitive exams such GRE, TOEFL,CAT, GMAT etc.

### 2. Objectives:

Keeping in mind the previous exposure of the student to English, this lab focuses on improving the student's proficiency in English at all levels. The lab intends to train students to use language effectively, to participate in group discussions, to help them face interviews, and sharpen public speaking skills and enhance the confidence of the student by exposing him/her to various situations and contexts which he/she would face in his/her career

### 3. Syllabus

The following course content is prescribed for the Advanced Communication Skills Lab:

**Reading Comprehension** -- Reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, speed reading, scanning, skimming for building vocabulary(synonyms and antonyms, one word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, idioms and phrases.)

**Listening Comprehension**-- Listening for understanding, so as to respond relevantly and appropriately to people of different backgrounds and dialects in various personal and professional situations.

**Technical Report Writing**—Types of formats and styles, subject matter, organization, clarity, coherence and style, data-collection, tools, analysis

**Resume' Writing**—Structure, format and style, planning, defining the career objective, projecting one's strengths, and skills, creative self marketing, cover letter

**Group Discussion**-- Communicating views and opinions, discussing, intervening. providing solutions on any given topic across a cross-section of individuals,(keeping an eye on modulation of voice, clarity, body language, relevance, fluency and coherence) in personal and professional lives.

**Interview Skills**—Concept and process, pre-interview planning, mannerisms, body language, organizing, answering strategies, interview through tele and video-conferencing

**Technical Presentations (Oral)**— Collection of data, planning, preparation, type, style and format ,use of props, attracting audience, voice modulation, clarity, body language, asking queries.

#### 4. Minimum Requirements

The English Language Lab shall have two parts:

The Computer aided Language Lab for 60 students with 60 systems, one master console, LAN facility and English language software for self-study by learners.

The Communication Skills Lab with movable chairs and audiovisual aids with a P.A System, a TV, A digital stereo-audio and video system, Camcorder etc

#### System Requirement (Hardware Component):

Computer network with LAN with a minimum of 60 multimedia systems with the following specifications:

P-IV Processor, Speed-2.8 GHz, RAM\_512 MB minimum, Hard Disk-80 GB, Headphones

# Prescribed Software: GLOBARENA

Books Suggested for English Language Lab Library (to be located within the lab in addition to the CDs of the text book which are loaded on the systems):

- 1. Technical writing and professional communication, Huckin and Olsen Tata Mc Graw-Hil 2009.
- 2. Speaking about Science, A Manual for Creating Clear Presentations by Scott Morgan and Barrett Whitener, Cambridge University press, 2006
- 3. Books on TOEFL/GRE/GMAT/CAT/ IELTS by Barron's/DELTA/Cambridge University Press.
- 4. **Handbook for Technical Writing** by David A McMurrey & Joanne Buckely CENGAGE Learning 2008

- 5. **Technical Communication** by Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press 2009.
- 6. **The ACE of Soft Skills** by Gopal Ramesh and Mahadevan Ramesh, Pearson Education, 2010
- 7. **Cambridge English for Job-Hunting** by Colm Downes, Cambridge University Press, 2008
- 8. **Resume's and Interviews** by M.Ashraf Rizvi, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2008
- 9. From Campus To Corporate by KK Ramachandran and KK Karthick, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2010
- 10. English Language Communication : A Reader cum Lab Manual Dr A Ramakrishna Rao, Dr G Natanam & Prof SA Sankaranarayanan, Anuradha Publications, Chennai 2008.
- 11. **Managing Soft Skills** by K R Lakshminarayan and T.Muruguvel, Sci-Tech Publications, 2010
- 12. **Business Communication** by John X Wang, CRC Press, Special Indian Edition,2008

#### B.Tech III-II Sem. (E.E.E)

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# (9A02604) ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS LAB

# The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

- 1. Calibration and Testing of single phase energy Meter
- 2. Calibration of dynamometer power factor meter
- 3. Crompton D.C. Potentiometer Calibration of PMMC ammeter and PMMC voltmeter
- 4. Kelvin's double Bridge Measurement of resistance Determination of Tolerance.
- 5. Measurement of % ratio error and phase angle of given C.T. by comparison.
- 6. Schering bridge & Anderson bridge.
- 7. Measurement of 3 phase reactive power with single-phase wattmeter.
- 8. Measurement of parameters of a choke coil using 3 voltmeter and 3 ammeter methods.

# In addition to the above eight experiments, atleast any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:

- 9. Optical bench Determination of polar curve measurement of MHCP of filament lamps
- 10. Calibration LPF wattmeter by Phantom testing
- 11. Measurement of 3 phase power with Two watt meter method (Balanced & Un balanced).
- 12. Dielectric oil testing using H.T. testing Kit
- 13. LVDT and capacitance pickup characteristics and Calibration
- 14. Resistance strain gauge strain measurements and Calibration
- 15. Transformer turns ratio measurement using a.c. bridge.
- 16. A.C. Potentiometer Calibration of AC Voltmeter, Parameters of Choke.

#### B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)

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# (9A02701) DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRIC POWER

# UNIT – I GENERAL CONCEPTS

Introduction to distribution systems, Load modelling and characteristics. Coincidence factor, contribution factor loss factor - Relationship between the load factor and loss factor. Classification of loads (Residential, commercial, Agricultural and Industrial) and their characteristics.

# UNIT – II GENERAL ASPECTS OF D.C. DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

Classification of Distribution Systems - Comparison of DC vs AC and Under-Ground vs Over - Head Distribution Systems- Requirements and Design features of Distribution Systems-

Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) in D.C Distributors for the following cases: Radial D.C Distributor fed one end and at the both the ends (equal/unequal Voltages) and Ring Main Distributor.

# UNIT III A.C. DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS.

Design Considerations of Distribution Feeders: Radial and loop types of primary feeders, voltage levels, feeder loading; basic design practice of the secondary distribution system.

Voltage Drop Calculations (Numerical Problems) in A.C. Distributors for the following cases: Power Factors referred to receiving end voltage and with respect to respective load voltages.

# UNIT – IV SUBSTATIONS

Location of Substations: Rating of distribution substation, service area within primary feeders. Benefits derived through optimal location of substations.

Classification of substations: Air insulated substations - Indoor & Outdoor substations: Substations layout showing the location of all the substation equipment.

Bus bar arrangements in the Sub-Stations: Simple arrangements like single bus bar, sectionalized single bus bar, main and transfer bus bar Double breaker – One and half breaker system with relevant diagrams.

## UNIT – V POWER FACTOR AND VOLTAGE CONTROL

Causes of low p.f -Methods of Improving p.f -Phase advancing and generation of reactive KVAR using static Capacitors-Most economical p.f. for constant KW load and constant KVA type loads, Numerical Problems.

Dependency of Voltage on Reactive Power flow. Methods of Voltage Control: Shunt Capacitors, Series Capacitors, Synchronous Capacitors, Tap changing and Booster Transformers

## UNIT – VI SYSTEM ANALYSIS

Voltage drop and power-loss calculations: Derivation for voltage drop and power loss in lines, manual methods of solution for radial networks, three phase balanced primary lines.

#### UNIT – VII COMPENSATION FOR POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT

Capacitive compensation for power-factor control - effect of shunt capacitors (Fixed and switched), Power factor correction- Economic justification - Procedure to determine the best capacitor location.

# UNIT – VIII PROTECTION AND COORDINATION OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

Objectives of distribution system protection, types of common faults and procedure for fault calculations. Protective Devices: Principle of operation of Fuses, Circuit Reclosures, line sectionalizes, and circuit breakers Coordination of Protective Devices: General coordination procedure.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1. —Electric Power Distribution system, Engineering || by Turan Gonen, Mc Graw-hill Book Company.
- 2. Electric Power Distribution by A.S. Pabla, Tata Mc Graw-hill Publishing Company, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, 1997.

#### **REFERENCE BOOK:**

- 1. Electric Power Distribution Automation by Dr. M. K. Khedkar and Dr. G. M. Dhole, University Science Press.
- 2. Electrical Power Distribution Systems by V. Kamaraju, Right Publishers.
- 3. Electrical Power Systems for Industrial Plants by Kamalesh Das, JAICO Publishing House.
- 4. Hand Book of Electric Power Distribution by G. Ramamurthy, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Universities Press.



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### JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

#### B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)

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# (9A04603) DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

#### UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to digital signal processing: discrete time signals and sequences, linear shift invariant systems, stability and causality, linear constant coefficient difference equations. Frequency domain representation of discrete time signals and systems.

## UNIT-II DISCRETE FOURIER SERIES

Properties of discrete Fourier series, DFS representation of periodic sequences, discrete Fourier transforms: properties of DFT, linear convolution of sequences using DFT, computation of DFT. Relation between Z-Transform and DFS.

### UNIT-III

# FAST FOURIER TRANSFORMS

Fast Fourier transforms (FFT)-Radix2 decimation in time and decimation in frequency FFT algorithms, inverse FFT and FFT for composite N.

#### UNIT-IV

# **REALIZATION OF DIGITAL FILTERS**

Review of Z-transforms, applications of Z-Transforms, solution of difference equations of digital filters, block diagram representation of linear constant-coefficient difference equations, basic structures of IIR systems, transposed forms, basic structures of FIR systems, system function.

# UNIT-V IIR DIGITAL FILTERS

Analog filter approximations-Butterworth and chebyshev, design of IIR digital filters from analog filters, design examples: analog-digital transformations, Illustrative Problems.

# UNIT-VI FIR DIGITAL FILTERS

Characteristics of FIR digital filters, frequency response. Design of FIR digital filters using window techniques, frequency sampling technique, comparison of IIR and FIR filters, , Illustrative Problems.

#### UNIT-VII MULTIRATE DIGITAL FUNDAMENTALS:

SIGNAL

PROCESSING

Basic sample rate alteration devices, Multirate Structures for sampling rate Converters, Multistage design of decimator and Interpolator, Polyphase Decomposition, Nyquist filters.

# UNIT-VIII APPLICATIONS OF DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Spectral analysis of nonstationary Signals, Musical Sound processing, signal Compression, Transmultiplexers, Discrete Multitone Transmission of digital data.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Digital signal processing, principles, Algorithms and applications: John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, Pearson Education/PHI, 2007.
- 2. Digital signal processing , A computer base approach- Sanjit K Mitra, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd edition, 2009.
- 3. Discrete Time Signal Processing-A.V. Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer, PHI.

### **REFERENCES**:

1. Digital signal processing: Andreas Antoniou, TATA McGraw Hill, 2006.

- 2. A Text book on Digital Signal processing R S Kaler, M Kulkarni, Umesh Gupta, I K International Publisthing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Digital signal processing: M H Hayes, Schaum's outlines, TATA Mc-Graw Hill, 2007.



### B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)

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## (9A02702) FUNDAMENTALS OF HVDC & FACTS DEVICES

## **UNIT-I INTRODUCTION**

comparison of AC and DC Transmission systems, Application of D.C. Transmission, Types or DC links, Typical layout of a HVDC converter station. HVDC converters, pulse number, Analysis of & phase Bridge circuit with and without overlap, converter Bridge characteristics, equivalent circuits or Rectifier and inverter configurations Twelve pulse converters.

# UNIT -II CONVERTER AND HVDC SYSTEM CONTROL

Principles of DC links control, converter control characteristics, system control Hierarchy, Firing angle control, current and extinction Angle control starting and stopping of DC link.

# UNIT -III HARMONICS, FILTERS AND REACTIVE POWER CONTROL

Introduction, generation of Harmonics, AC and DC Filters, Reactive power requirements at steady state, sources of Reactive power static Var systems.

# UNIT -IV POWER FLOW ANALYSIS IN AC/DC SYSTEMS

Introduction, Modeling of DC/AC converters, controller equations, solutions of AD/DC load flow- simultaneous approach and sequential approach.

### **UNIT – V FACTS CONCEPTS**

Flow of power in AC parallel paths and Meshed systems, Basic types of FACTS controllers, Brief description and Definitions of FACTS controllers.

## UNIT - VI STATIC SHUNT COMPENSATORS

Objectives of shunt compensation, Methods of controllable VAR generation, Static VAR compensators, SVC and STATCOM, comparison.

## **UNIT - VII STATIC SERIES COMPENSATORS**

Objectives of series compensation, variable impedance type-thyristor switched series capacitors (TCSC), switching converter type series compensators – static series synchronous compensator (SSSC) – power angle characteristics – Basic operating control Schemes.

# **UNIT - VIII COMBINED COMPENSATORS**

Introduction, unified power flow controller (UPFC), Basic operating principle, Independent real and reactive power flow controller, control structure.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. HVDC power Transmission systems by K.R. Padiyar, Wiley Eastern Limited
- 2. Understanding of FACTS by N.G. Hingorani & L. Gyugyi, IEEE Press.
- 3. Flexible AC Transmission Systems (FACTS) Young Huasong & Alian T. hons, The Institution of Electrical Engineers, IEE Power and Energy Series 30.
- An Introduction to: Reactive Power Control and Voltage Stability in Power Transmission Systems by Abhijit Chakrabarti, D. P. Kothari, A. K. Mukhopadhyay and Abhinandan De, Eastern Economy Edition, 2010.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. **EHV AC, HYDC Transmission & Distribution Engineering,** S.Rao,Khanna publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition 2003.
- 2. **Power Electronic Control in Electrical Systems-** E Acha. VG Agelidis & O Anaya-Lara. THE Miller Elsevier, 2009.

#### **B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)**

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# (9A02703) SWITCH GEAR AND PROTECTION

# **Objective:**

This course introduces all varieties of Circuit Breakers and Relays for protection of Generators, Transformers and feeder bus bars from over voltages and other hazards. It emphasis on Neutral grounding for overall protection.

# UNIT – I CIRCUIT BREAKERS-1

Circuit Breakers: Elementary principles of arc interruption, Recovery, Restriking Voltage and Recovery voltages.- Restriking Phenomenon, Average and Max. RRRV, Numerical Problems - Current Chopping and Resistance Switching - CB ratings and Specifications: Types and Numerical Problems. – Auto reclosures.

# UNIT –II CIRCUIT BREAKERS-2

Description and Operation of following types of circuit breakers: Minimum Oil Circuit breakers, Air Blast Circuit Breakers, Vacuum and SF6 circuit breakers.

# UNIT - HI ELECTROMAGNETIC RELAYS

Basic Requirements of Relays – Primary and Backup protection -Construction details of – Attracted armature, balanced beam, inductor type and differential relays – Universal Torque equation – Characteristics of over current, Direction and distance relays.

# **UNIT – IV STATIC AND MICROPROCESSOR BASED RELAYS**

Static Relays – Advantages and Disadvantages – Definite time, Inverse and IDMT static relays – Comparators – Amplitude and Phase comparators. Microprocessor based relays – Advantages and Disadvantages – Block diagram for over current (Definite, Inverse and IDMT) and Distance Relays and their Flow Charts.

### UNIT – V GENERATOR PROTECTION

Protection of generators against Stator faults, Rotor faults, and Abnormal Conditions. Restricted Earth fault and Inter-turn fault Protection. Numerical Problems on % Winding Unprotected.

## UNIT –VI TRANSFORMER PROTECTION

Protection of transformers: Percentage Differential Protection, Numerical Problem on Design of CT s Ratio, Buchholtz relay Protection.

# UNIT –VII PROTECTION OF FEEDERS AND TRANSMISSION LINES

Protection of Feeder (Radial & Ring main) using over current Relays. Protection of Transmission line -3 Zone protection using Distance Relays. Carrier current protection. Protection of Bus bars.

# UNIT - VIII PROTECTION AGAINST OVER VOLTAGES

Generation of Over Voltages in Power Systems.-Protection against Lightning Over Voltages - Valve type and Zinc-Oxide Lighting Arresters - Insulation Coordination –BIL.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Switchgear and Protection by Sunil S Rao, Khanna Publishers
- 2. Power System Protection and Switchgear by Badari Ram , D.N *Viswakarma*, TMH Publications.
- Fundamentals of Power System Protection by Y. G. Paithankar and S. R. Bhide, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Transmission network Protection by Y.G. Paithankar ,Taylor and Francis,2009.
- 2. Power system protection and switch gear by Bhuvanesh Oza, TMH, 2010.
- 3. Electrical Power Systems by C.L.Wadhwa, New Age international (P) Limited, Publishers, 3<sup>nd</sup> editon
- 4. Electrical power System Protection by C. Christopoulos and A. Wright, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Springer International Edition.

#### B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

### (9A02704) INSTRUMENTATION (Elective – I)

#### **Objective :**

Instrumentation is essential in monitoring and analysis of any Physical system and its control. This course deals with different types of transducers, digital voltmeters, oscilloscopes and measurement of non electrical quantities.

## UNIT-I CHARACTERISTICS OF SIGNALS

Measuring Systems, Performance Characteristics, - Static characteristics, Dynamic Characteristics; Errors in Measurement – Gross Errors, Systematic Errors, Statistical Analysis of Random Errors.

## UNIT-II SIGNALS AND THEIR REPRESENTATION

Signal and their representation: Standard Test, periodic, aperiodic, modulated signal, sampled data, pulse modulation and pulse code modulation

# UNIT-HI DATA TRANSMISSION AND TELEMETRY

Methods of Data Transmission – General Telemetry System – Land line Telemetry System – Voltage, Current and position. Land line with feedback system. Frequency Modulation System (FM), Pulse Modulation (PM), Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM), Pulse Code Modulation (PCM) Telemetry. Comparison of FM, PM, PAM and PCM.

#### UNIT-IV DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM (DAS)

Analog and Digital Acquisition systems - Components of Analog DAS

– Types of Multiplexing Systems: Time division and Frequency division multiplexing – Digital DAS – Block Diagram – Use of Recorders in Digital DAS – Digital Recording using Analog Recorder – Complete data logging System - Block diagram and its working – Modern Digital DAS (Block Diagram)

## UNIT-V SIGNAL ANALYZERS

Wave Analysers- Frequency selective analyzers, Heterodyne, Application of Wave analyzers- Harmonic Analyzers, Total Harmonic distortion, spectrum analyzers, Basic spectrum analyzers, spectral displays, vector impedance meter, Q meter. Peak reading and RMS voltmeters

# UNIT-VI TRANSDUCERS

Definition of transducers, Classification of transducers, Advantages of Electrical transducers, Characteristics and choice of transducers; Principle operation of resistor, inductor, LVDT and capacitor transducers; LVDT Applications, Strain gauge and its principle of operation, guage factor, Thermistors, Thermocouples, Synchros, Piezo electric transducers, photovoltaic, photo conductive cells, photo diodes.

# UNIT-VII MEASUREMENT OF NON-ELECTRICAL QUANTITIES-I

Measurement of strain, Gauge Sensitivity, Displacement, Velocity, Angular Velocity, Acceleration, Force, Torque.

# UNIT-VIII MEASUREMENT OF NON-ELECTRICAL QUANTITIES-II

Measurement of Temperature, Pressure, Vacuum, Flow, Liquid level.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Transducers and Instrumentation by D.V.S Murthy, Prentice Hall of India
- 2. A course in Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation, A.K. Sawhney, Dhanpat Rai & Co.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Measurements Systems, Applications and Design by D O Doeblin, Mc Graw Hill Edition.
- 2. Principles of Measurement and Instrumentation by A.S Morris, Pearson /Prentice Hall of India
- 3. Electronic Instrumentation-by H.S.Kalsi Tata MCGraw-Hill Edition, 3/e.

- 4. Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement techniques by A.D Helfrick and W.D.Cooper, Pearson/Prentice Hall of India.
- 5. Industrial Instrumentation Principles and Design by T. R. Padmanabhan, Springer.

## B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

## (9A02705) HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING (ELECTIVE-I)

### **Objective**;

This subject deals with the detailed analysis of Breakdown occur in gaseous, liquids and solid dielectrics. Information about generation and measurement of High voltage and current. In addition the High voltage testing methods are also discussed.

# UNIT - I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to HV technology, need for generating high voltages in laboratory. Industrial applications of high voltage, Electrostatic precipitation, separation.

## UNIT - II BREAK DOWN IN GASEOUS AND LIQUID DIELECTRICS

Gases as insulating media, collision process, Ionization process, Townsend's criteria of breakdown in gases, Paschen's law, Liquid as Insulator, pure and commercial liquids, breakdown in pure and commercial liquids.

# UNIT - III BREAK DOWN IN SOLID DIELECTRICS

Intrinsic breakdown, electromechanical breakdown, thermal breakdown, breakdown of solid dielectrics in practice, Breakdown in composite dielectrics, solid dielectrics used in practice.

# UNIT – IV GENERATION OF HV AC AND DC VOLTAGE

HV AC-HV transformer: Need for cascade connection and working of transformers units connected in cascade. Series resonant circuitprinciple of operation and advantages - Tesla coil - HV DC- voltage doubler circuit, Cockroft- Walton type high voltage DC set - Calculation of high voltage regulation, ripple and optimum number of stages for minimum voltage drop.

# UNIT - V GENERATION OF IMPULSE VOLTAGE AND CURRENT:

Introduction to standard lightning and switching impulse voltages -Analysis of single stage impulse generator-expression for Output impulse voltage - Multistage impulse generator working of Marx impulse generator, Rating of impulse generator - Components of multistage impulse generator - Triggering of impulse generator by three electrode gap arrangement - Trigatron gap and oscillograph time sweep circuits, Generation of switching impulse voltage - Generation of high impulse current.

# UNIT – VI MEASUREMENT OF HIGH VOLTAGES:

Electrostatic voltmeter-principle, construction and limitation - Chubb and Fortescue method for HV AC measurement - Generating voltmeter-Principle, construction - Series resistance micro ammeter for HV DC measurements - Standard sphere gap measurements of HVAC, HVDC and impulse voltages - Factors affecting the measurements - Potential dividers-resistance dividers capacitance dividers mixed RC potential dividers. Measurement of high impulse currents-Rogowsky coil.

# UNIT – VII NON-DESTRUCTIVE INSULATION TESTING TECHNIQUES

Dielectric loss and loss angle measurements using Schering Bridge -Transformer ratio Arms Bridge. Need for discharge detection and PD measurements aspects - Factors affecting the discharge detection, Discharge detection methods-straight and balanced methods.

# UNIT – VIII HIGH VOLTAGE TESTS ON ELECTRICAL APPARATUS

Definitions and terminology, tests on isolators, circuit breakers, cables, insulators and transformers.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by M.S.Naidu and V. Kamaraju TMH Publications, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition
- 2. High Voltage Engineering by C.L.Wadhwa, New Age Internationals (P) Limited, 1997.

3. High Voltage Engineering Problems & Solutions, R. D. Begamudre, New Age International Publishers, First Edt., 2010.

- 1. High Voltage Engineering: Fundamentals by E.Kuffel, W.S.Zaengl, J.Kuffel by Elsevier, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- 2. High Voltage Insulation Engineering by Ravindra Arora, Wolfgang Mosch, New Age International (P) Limited, 1995.
- 3. High Voltage Technology by L. L. Alston, OXFORD University Press, Second Edition, 2009.

### **B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)**

T P C 4 0 4

### (9A02706) RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

#### (Elective – I)

### **Objective :**

It introduces solar energy its radiation, collection, storage and application. It also introduces the Wind energy, Biomass energy, Geothermal energy and ocean energy as alternative energy sources.

## UNIT – I

**PRINCIPLES OF SOLAR RADIATION**: Role and potential of new and renewable source, the solar energy option, Environmental impact of solar power, physics of the sun, the solar constant, extraterrestrial and terrestrial solar radiation, solar radiation on titled surface, instruments for measuring solar radiation and sun shine, solar radiation data.

### UNIT-II

**SOLAR ENERGY COLLECTION:** Flat plate and concentrating collectors, classification of concentrating collectors, orientation and thermal analysis, advanced collectors.

# UNIT-III

**SOLAR ENERGY STORAGE AND APPLICATIONS**: Different methods, Sensible, latent heat and stratified storage, solar ponds. Solar Applications- solar heating/cooling technique, solar distillation and drying, photovoltaic energy conversion.

### UNIT-IV

**WIND ENERGY**: Sources and potentials, horizontal and vertical axis windmills, performance characteristics, Betz criteria

### UNIT-V

<b>BIO-MAS</b>	S: Pri	ncip	les of	Bio-Conver	sion,	Anaer	obic/aerobic
digestion,	types	of	Bio-gas	digesters,	gas	yield,	combustion

characteristics of bio-gas, utilization for cooking, I.C.Engine operation and economic aspects.

## UNIT-VI

**GEOTHERMAL ENERGY**: Resources, types of wells, methods of harnessing the energy, potential in India.

## UNIT-VII

**OCEAN ENERGY**: OTEC, Principles utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles. Tidal and wave energy: Potential and conversion techniques, mini-hydel power plants, and their economics.

## UNIT-VIII

**DIRECT ENERGY CONVERSION**: Need for DEC, Carnot cycle, limitations, principles of DEC.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Non-Conventional Energy Sources by G.D. Rai, Khanna Publishers
- 2. Renewable Energy Resources Twidell & Wier, CRC Press( Taylor & Francis)

- 1. Renewable energy resources by Tiwari and Ghosal, Narosa.
- 2. Renewable Energy Technologies by Ramesh & Kumar, Narosa.
- 3. Non-Conventional Energy Systems by K Mittal, Wheeler
- 4. Renewable energy sources and emerging technologies by D.P.Kothari,K.C.Singhal, PHI.

#### B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)

Т Р С 4 0 4 (9A02707) SOFT COMPUTING TECHNIOUES

# (ELECTIVE-II)

# **Objective :**

This course introduces the basics of Neural Networks and essentials of Artificial Neural Networks with Single Layer and Multilayer Feed Forward Networks. Also deals with Associate Memories and introduces Fuzzy sets and Fuzzy Logic system components along with Genetic Algorithms. The Application of Soft Computing Techniques to Electrical Engineering is also presented.

# **UNIT – I ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS**

Introduction, Biological Neuron, Artificial Neuron, Basic concepts of Neural Networks, Basic Models of ANN Connections, McCulloch-Pitts Model, Characteristics of ANN, Applications of ANN.

## **UNIT- II ESSENTIALS OF ARTIFICIAL NEURAL** NETWORKS

Artificial Neuron Model, Operations of Artificial Neuron, Types of Neuron Activation Function, ANN Architectures, Classification Taxonomy of ANN - Connectivity, Neural Dynamics (Activation and Learning Strategy (Supervised, Synaptic). Unsupervised. Reinforcement), Learning Rules, Types of Application

# UNIT-III SUPERVISED LEARNING NETWORKS

Perceptron Learning Perceptron Network, Rule, Architecture, Perceptron Training Algorithm, ADALINE, MADALINE, Back Propagation Network, BP Learning Rule, Input Laver Computation, Hidden Layer Computation, Output Layer Computation, Radial Basis Function

# UNIT IV ASSOCIATIVE MEMORY NETWORK

Training Algorithms for Pattern Association, Auto Associative Memory Network, Hetero Associative Memory Network, BAM, Hopfield Networks.

# UNIT – V CLASSICAL & FUZZY SETS

Introduction to classical sets - properties, Operations and relations; Fuzzy sets, Membership, Uncertainty, Operations, properties, fuzzy relations, cardinalities, membership functions.

# UNIT VI FUZZY LOGIC SYSTEM COMPONENTS

Fuzzification, Membership value assignment, development of rule base and decision making system, Defuzzification to crisp sets, Defuzzification methods.

# UNIT VII GENETIC ALGORITHMS

Introduction, Basic Operators and Terminologies in GA, Traditional Vs Genetic Algorithm, Encoding, Fitness Function, Reproduction, Crossover, Mutation Operator.

# UNIT VIII APPLICATIONS TO ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

ANN based Short term Load Forecasting, Load flow Studies, Fuzzy logic based Unit Commitment and Genetic Algorithm based Economic Dispatch.

## TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Principles of Soft Computing by S. N. Sivanandam and S. N. Deepa, Wiley India Edition.
- 2. Neural Networks, Fuzzy logic, Genetic algorithms: synthesis and applications by Rajasekharan and Pai PHI Publications.
- 3. Nureal networks by Satish Kumar, TMH, 2004.
- 4. Neuro Fuzzy and Soft Computing by J. S. R. Jang, C. T. Sun and E. Mizutani, Pearson Education.

- 1. Neural Networks James A Freeman and Davis Skapura, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 2. Neural Networks Simon Hakins, Pearson Education

- 3. Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications by T. J. Ross, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition , Wiley India Edition.
- 4. Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic System by Bart Kosko, PHI Publications.
- 5. Genetic Algorithms by D. E. Goldberg, Addison Wisley, 1999.



## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

## B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

# (9A02708) RELIABILITY ENGINEERING AND

## **APPLICATIONS TO POWER SYSTEMS**

## (ELECTIVE-II)

# UNIT – I BASICS OF PROBABILITY THEORY & DISTRIBUTION

Basic probability theory – rules for combining probabilities of events – Bernoulli's trials – probability density and distribution functions – binomial distribution – expected value and standard deviation of binomial distribution.

# UNIT – II NETWORK MODELLING AND RELIABILITY ANALYSIS

Analysis of Series, Parallel, Series-Parallel networks – complex networks – decomposition method.

# UNIT - HI RELIABILITY FUNCTIONS

Reliability functions f(t), F(t), R(t), h(t) and their relationships – exponential distribution – Expected value and standard deviation of exponential distribution – Bath tub curve – reliability analysis of series parallel networks using exponential distribution – reliability measures MTTF, MTTR, MTBF.

# UNIT – IV MARKOV MODELLING

Markov chains – concept of stochastic transitional probability Matrix, Evaluation of limiting state Probabilities. – Markov processes one component repairable system – time dependent probability evaluation using Laplace transform approach – evaluation of limiting state probabilities using STPM – two component repairable models.

# UNIT – V FREQUENCY & DURATION TECHNIQUES

Frequency and duration concept – Evaluation of frequency of encountering state, mean cycletime, for one, two component repairable models – evaluation of cumulative probability and cumulative frequency of encountering of merged states.

# **UNIT – VI GENERATION SYSTEM RELIABILITY ANALYSIS**

Reliability model of a generation system– recursive relation for unit addition and removal – load modeling - Merging of generation load model – evaluation of transition rates for merged state model – cumulative Probability, cumulative frequency of failure evaluation – LOLP, LOLE, LOEE.

# UNIT – VII COMPOSITE SYSTEM RELIABILITY ANALYSIS

System and Load Point Reliability Indices – Weather Effects on Transmission Lines, Weighted Average rate and Markov Model.

# UNIT – VIII DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM AND RELIABILITY ANALYSIS

Basic Techniques - Radial Networks – Evaluation of Basic Reliability Indices, Performance Indices – Load Point and System Reliability Indices – Customer oriented, Loss and Energy oriented indices -Examples.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Reliability Evaluation of Engg. System R. Billinton, R.N.Allan, Plenum Press, New York, reprinted in India by B.S.Publications, 2007.
- Reliability Evaluation of Power systems R. Billinton, R.N.Allan, Pitman Advance Publishing Program, New York, reprinted in India by B.S.Publications, 2007.

## B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

# (9A02709) OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

## (ELECTIVE-II)

# UNIT – I INTRODUCTION AND CLASSICAL OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

Statement of an Optimization problem – design vector – design constraints – constraint surface – objective function – objective function surfaces – classification of Optimization problems.

# UNIT - II CLASSICAL OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

Single variable Optimization – multi variable Optimization without constraints – necessary and sufficient conditions for minimum/maximum – multivariable Optimization with equality constraints. Solution by method of Lagrange multipliers – multivariable Optimization with inequality constraints – Kuhn – Tucker conditions.

# UNIT – III LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Standard form of a linear programming problem – geometry of linear programming problems – definitions and theorems – solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations – pivotal reduction of a general system of equations – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm.

# UNIT – IV TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM

Finding initial basic feasible solution by north – west corner rule, least cost method and Vogel's approximation method – testing for optimality of balanced transportation problems.

### **UNIT – V UNCONSTRAINED NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING**

One – dimensional minimization methods: Classification, Fibonacci method and Quadratic interpolation method

**UNIT – VI UNCONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES** Univariate method, Powell's method and steepest descent method.

# UNIT - VII CONSTRAINED NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING

Characteristics of a constrained problem, Classification, Basic approach of Penalty Function method; Basic approaches of Interior and Exterior penalty function methods. Introduction to convex Programming Problem.

# UNIT – VIII DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING

Dynamic programming multistage decision processes – types – concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality – computational procedure in dynamic programming – examples illustrating the calculus method of solution - examples illustrating the tabular method of solution.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. —Engineering optimization: Theory and practice||-by S. S.Rao, New Age International (P) Limited, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 1998.
- 2. Introductory Operations Research || by H.S. Kasene & K.D. Kumar, Springer(India), Pvt LTd.

- Optimization Methods in Operations Research and systems Analysis|| – by K.V. Mital and C. Mohan, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 1996.
- 2. Operations Research by Dr. S.D.Sharma, Kedarnath Ramnath and company, eleventh edition, Reprint 1997.
- 3. —Operations Research : An Introduction || by H.A. Taha, PHI Pvt. Ltd., 6<sup>th</sup> edition
- 4. Linear Programming by G. Hadley, Narosa Publishing House, 2002

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E) T P C 0 3 2 (9A02710) MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS LAB

### I. Microprocessor 8086:

Introduction to MASM/TASM.

Arithmetic operation – Multi byte addition and subtraction, Multiplication and Division – Signed and unsigned Arithmetic operation, ASCII – arithmetic operation.

Logic operations – Shift and rotate – Converting packed BCD to unpacked BCD, BCD to ASCII conversion.

By using string operation and Instruction prefix: Move Block, Reverse string, Sorting, Inserting, Deleting, Length of the string, String comparison.

Modular Program: Procedure, Near and Far implementation, Recursion.

Dos/BIOS programming: Reading keyboard (Buffered with and without echo) – Display characters, Strings.

## **II. Interfacing**

8259 – Interrupt Controller.
8279 – Keyboard Disply.
8255 – PPI.
8251 – USART.

## III. Mcrocontroller 8051:

- 1. Reading and Writing on a parallel port.
- 2. Timer in different modes.

- 3. Serial communication implementation.
- 4. Understanding three memory areas of 00 FF (Programs using above areas).
- 5. Using external interrupts
- 6. Programs using special instructions like swap, bit/byte, set/reset etc.
- 7. Programs based on short, page, absolute addressing.



B.Tech IV-I Sem. (E.E.E)	Т	Р	С
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# (9A02711) POWER ELECTRONICS AND SIMULATION LAB

# Any Eight of the Experiments in Power Electronics Lab

- 1. Study of Characteristics of SCR, MOSFET & IGBT
- 2. Gate firing circuits for SCR's
- 3. Single Phase AC Voltage Controller with R and RL Loads
- 4. Single Phase fully controlled bridge converter with R and RL loads
- 5. Forced Commutation circuits (Class A, Class B, Class C, and Class D & Class E)
- 6. DC Jones chopper with R and RL Loads
- 7. Single Phase Parallel, inverter with R and RL loads
- 8. Single Phase Cycloconverter with R and RL loads
- 9. Single Phase Half controlled converter with R load
- 10. Three Phase half controlled bridge converter with R-load
- 11. Single Phase series inverter with R and RL loads
- 12. Single Phase Bridge converter with R and RL loads
- 13. Single Phase dual converter with RL loads

# Any two simulation experiments with PSPICE/PSIM

PSPICE simulation of single-phase full converter using RLE loads and single-phase AC voltage controller using RLE loads.

PSPICE simulation of resonant pulse commutation circuit and Buck chopper.

PSPICE simulation of single phase Inverter with PWM control.

- 1. Simulation of Electric and Electronic circuits using PSPICE by M.H.Rashid, PHI.
- 2. PSPICE A/D user's manual Microsim, USA.
- 3. PSPICE reference guide Microsim, USA.
- 4. MATLAB and its Tool Books user's manual and Mathworks, USA.



### B.Tech IV-II Sem. (E.E.E)

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## (9A02801) PRINCIPLES OF POWER QUALITY

## **UNIT-I INTRODUCTION**

What is power quality? Power quality – voltage quality, why are we concerned about power quality?, the power quality Evaluation procedure, Terms and Definitions, Transients, Long-duration voltage variations, short-voltage variations, voltage imbalance, wave form distortion, voltage fluctuation, power frequency variations, power quality terms CBEMA and ITI curves.

# UNIT-II VOLTAGE SAGS AND INTERRUPTIONS

Sources of sagas and interruptions, Estimating voltage sag performance, fundamental principles of protection, solutions at the end-use level,

Motor-starting sags, utility system fault-clearing issues.

# UNIT-III TRANSIENT OVER VOLTAGES

Sources of over voltages, principles of over voltage protection, devices for over voltage protection, utility capacitor-switching transients, utility system lightning protection.

# **UNIT-IV FUNDAMENTALS OF HARMONICS**

Harmonic Distortion, Voltage versus current distortion, Harmonics versus Transients, power system qualities under non sinusoidal conditions, Harmonic indices, Harmonic sources from commercial loads, Harmonic sources from Industrial loads

## **UNIT-V APPLIED HARMONICS**

Effects of Harmonics, Harmonic distortion evaluations, Principles of Controlling Harmonics, Devices for Controlling Harmonic Distortion **UNIT-VI LONG-DURATION VOLTAGE VARIATIONS** 

Principles of regulating the voltage, Devices for voltage regulation, utility voltage regulator Application, capacitors for voltage regulation flicker.

# UNIT-VII POWER QUALITY BENCH MARKING

Benchmarking process, RMS Voltage variation Indices, Harmonics indicesPower Quality Contracts

# **UNIT –VIII POWER QUALITY MONITORING**

Monitoring considerations, power quality measurement equipment, Power quality Monitoring standards

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Electrical Power Systems Quality, Roger C. Dugan, Mark F. McGranaghan, Surya Santoso, H.Wayne Beaty, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH Education Pvt. Ptd.
- 2. Power quality by C. Sankaran, CRC Press

- Electrical systems quality Assessment by J. Arrillaga, N.R. Watson, S. Chen, John Wiley & Sons
- 2. Understanding Power quality problems by Math H. J. Bollen IEEE Press

### B.Tech IV-II Sem. (E.E.E)

T P C 4 0 4

# (9A02802) UTILIZATION OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY Objective:

It deals with the illumination, Electrical heating, Welding, Electrolytic Process and Electric Traction.

## UNIT – I ILLUMINATION

Definition – Laws of illumination – Polar curves – Calculation of MHCP and MSCP. Lamps: Incandescent lamp, Sodium Vapour lamp, Fluorescent lamp. Requirement of good lighting scheme – Types, Design and Calculation of illumination. Street lighting and Factory lighting – Numerical Problems.

## UNIT – II ELECTRICAL HEATING

Advantages. Methods of Electric heating – Resistance, arc, Induction and dielectric heating.

# UNIT – III ELECTRIC WELDING

Types – Resistance, Electric arc, gas welding. Ultrasonic, Welding electrodes of various metals, Defects in welding.

# **UNIT – IV ELECTROLYTIC PROCESS**

Electrolysis - Faradays laws, Application of Electrolysis, Power supply for Electrolysis.

# **UNIT - V ELECTRIC DRIVES**

Advantages, Types of D. C and A. C Motors and their Characteristics – Electric Breaking. Speed Control of D. C and A. C Motors – Temperature Rise and Load Equalization – Selection of Motors for particular Drive.

## UNIT – VI ELECTRIC TRACTION – I

Introduction – Systems of Electric Traction. Comparison between A. C and D. C Traction – Special features of Traction Motors - Methods of Electric Braking – Plugging, Rheostatic and Regenarative types.

### UNIT – VII ELECTRIC TRACTION – II

Mechanics of train movement. Speed-time curves of different services – trapezoidal and quadrilateral, speed-time curves – Numerical Problems.

# UNIT – VIII ELECTRIC TRACTION-III

Calculations of tractive effort, Power, specific energy consumption - effect of varying acceleration and braking retardation, Adhesive weight and coefficient of adhesion – Problems.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1. Utilization of Electric Energy by E. Openshaw Taylor and V. V. L. Rao, Universities Press.
- 2. Utilization of Electrical Power by R. K. Rajput, Laxmi Publications.

- Utilization of Electrical Power including Electric drives and Electric traction – by N.V.Suryanarayana, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 1996.
- 2. Art & Science of Utilization of electrical Energy by Partab, Dhanpat Rai & Co.

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## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY **ANANTAPUR**

## B.Tech IV-II Sem. (E.E.E)

Т Р 0

4

# (9A02803) MODERN CONTROL THEORY (ELECTIVE – III)

# **Objective :**

This subject deals with state space, describing function, phase plane and stability analysis including controllability and observability. It also deals with modern control and optimal control systems.

# UNIT – I STATE VARIABLE DESCRIPTION

Concept of State – State Equations for Linear Continuous time Models

- Non uniqueness of state model - State diagrams for continuous time state models – Solution of state equations – State transmission matrix.

# **UNIT - II CONTROLLABILITY AND OBSERVABILITY**

Tests for controllability and observability for continuous time systems -Time varying case, minimum energy control, time invariant case, Principle of Duality, Controllability and observability of state models in Jordan canonical form and other canonical forms.

# UNIT – III MODAL CONTROL

Effect of state feedback on controllability and observability, Design of State Feedback Control through Pole placement. Full order observer and reduced order observer.

# UNIT - IV DESCRIBING FUNCTION ANALYSIS

Introduction to nonlinear systems, Types of nonlinearities, Concepts of describing functions, Derivation of describing functions for Dead zone, Saturation, backlash, relay with dead zone and Hysteresis - Jump Resonance.

# UNIT-V PHASE-PLANE ANALYSIS

Introduction to phase-plane analysis, Method of Isoclines for Constructing Trajectories, Singular points, Phase-plane analysis of nonlinear control systems.

# UNIT-VI STABILITY ANALYSIS

Stability in the sense of Lyapunov. Lyapunov's stability and Lypanov's instability theorems. Direct method of Lypanov for the Linear and Nonlinear continuous time autonomous systems.

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# UNIT -VII OPTIMAL CONTROL

Formulation of optimal control problem. Minimum time, Minimum energy, minimum fuel problems. State regulator problem. Infinite time Regulator, Output regulator problem. Tracking problem, Parameter Optimization.

# **UNIT-VIII CALCULUS OF VARIATIONS**

Minimization of functionals of single function, Constrained minimization. Minimum principle. Control variable inequality constraints. Control and state variable inequality constraints.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Modern Control System Theory by M. Gopal, New Age International Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 1996.
- 2. Systems and Control by Stainslaw H. Zak, Oxford Press, 2003.

- 1. Modern Control Engineering by K. Ogata, Prentice Hall of India, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 1998.
- 2. Control Systems Engineering by I.J. Nagarath and M.Gopal, New Age International (P) Ltd.
- 3. Digital Control and State Variable Methods by M. Gopal, Tata Mc Graw-Hill Companies, 1997.

#### **B.Tech IV-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

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## (9A02804) SPECIAL ELECTRICAL MACHINES (Elective – III)

## UNIT -I SPECIAL TYPES OF D. C. MACHINES - I

Series booster – Shunt booster – Non – reversible booster – Reversible booster

# UNIT -II SPECIAL TYPES OF D.C. MACHINES - II

Armature excited machines – Rosenberg generator – The Amplidyne and Metadyne - Rototrol and Regulex– Third brush generator – Three – wire generator - Dynamometer:

## UNIT –III STEPPER MOTORS

Introduction – Synchronous Inductor (or Hybrid Stepper Motor), Hybrid Stepping Motor, Construction, Principle of Operation, Energisation with two phase at a time – Essential conditions for the satisfactory Operation of a 2 – Phase Hybrid Step Motor –Very Slow-Speed Synchronous Motor for Servo Control – Different Configurations for Switching the Phase Windings – Control Circuits for Stepping Motors – An Open – Loop Controller for a 2-Phase Stepping Motor.

# UNIT - IV VARIABLE RELUCTANCE STEPPING MOTORS

Variable Reluctance (VR) Stepping Motors, Single – Stack VR step motors, Multiple stack VR motors – Open – Loop Control of 3-Phase VR Step Motor – Closed – Loop Control of Step Motor, Discriminator (or rotor position sensor), Translator, Major loop – Characteristics of Step Motor in Open – Loop Drive – Comparison between Open-Loop Position Control with Step Motor and a Position Control Servo using a Conventional (dc or ac) Servo Motor – Suitability and Areas of Application of Stepping Motors – 5 – Phase Hybrid Stepping Motor – Single – Phase Stepping Motor, The Construction, Operating Principle, Torque developed in the Motor.

## **UNIT – V SWITCHED RELUCTANCE MOTOR**

Introduction – Improvements in the Design of Conventional reluctance Motors – Some Distinctive Differences between SR and Conventional

Reluctance Motors – principle of Operation of SRM – Some Design Aspects of Stator and Rotor Pole Arcs, Design of stator and Rotor and pole Arcs in SR Motor, Determination of  $L(\theta) - \theta$  Profile – Power Converter for SR Motor – A Numerical Example - Rotor Sensing Mechanism and Logic Control, Drive and Power Circuits, Position Sensing of rotor with Hall Problems – Derivation of Torque Expression, General, Linear Case.

## UNIT –VI PERMANENT MAGNET MATERIALS AND MOTORS

Introduction, Hysteresis loops and recoil line – Stator Frames (Pole – and Yoke – Part) of Conventional PM dc Motors, Equivalent circuit of a PM – Development of Electronically Commutated DC Motor from Conventional DC Motor .

## UNIT -VII BRUSHLESS DC MOTOR

Types of Construction – Principle of Operation of BLDM – Sensing and Switching Logic Scheme, Sensing, Logic Controller, Lockout Pulses – Drive and Power Circuits, Base Drive Circuit, Power Converter Circuit

– Theoretical Analysis and Performance Prediction, Modeling and magnet circuit, d-q analysis of BLDM – Transient Analysis – Formulation in terms of Flux Linkages as State Variables – Approximate Solutions for Current and Torque under Steady State – Theory of BLDM as Variable Speed Synchronous Motor (Assuming Sinusoidal Flux Distribution) – Methods of reducing Torque Pulsations,  $180^{\circ}$  Pole Arc and  $120^{\circ}$  current sheet.

# UNIT -- VIII LINEAR INDUCTION MOTOR

Development of a Double sided LIM from Rotary type IM - ASchematic of LIM Drive for Electric Traction – Development of one sided LIM with back Iron – Field Analysis of a DSLIM: Fundamental Assumptions.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. K. Venkataratnam, Special Electrical Machines, University Press.
- 2. R. K. Rajput, Electrical machines, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Laxmi Publications. [For Chapters I and II refer Chapter VIII of this book]
- 3. V. V. Athani, Stepper Motors: Fundamentals, Applications and Design, New Age International Pub.

- 4. N. Mohan, Undeland & Robbins, Power Electronics Converters, Applications & Design, Wiley India, Student Edition.
- 5. Johan E. Gibson and F. B. Teuter, Control System Components, Mc Graw Hill Edition.
- 6. M. G. Say & E. O. Taylor, D. C. Machines, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, ELBS.



### **B.Tech IV-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

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## (9A02805) PLC & DCS - ITS APPLICATIONS (ELECTIVE-III)

#### UNIT-I

PLC Basics: PLC system, I/O modules and interfacing, CPU processor, programming Equipment, programming formats, construction of PLC ladder diagrams, Devices connected to I/O modules.

### **UNIT-II**

PLC Programming: Input instructions, outputs, operational procedures, programming examples using contacts and coils. Drill press operation. **UNIT-III** 

Digital logic gates, programming in the Boolean algebra system, conversion examples. Ladder Diagrams for process control: Ladder diagrams & sequence listings, ladder diagram construction and flowchart for spray process system.

#### UNIT-IV

PLC Registers: Characteristics of Registers, module addressing, holding registers, Input Registers, Output Registers.

# UNIT-V

PLC Functions: Timer functions & Industrial applications, counter function & industrial applications, Arithmetic functions, Number comparison functions, number conversion functions

### UNIT-VI

Data Handling functions: SKIP, Master control Relay, Jump, Move, FIFO, FAL, ONS, CLR & Sweep functions and their applications. Bit Pattern and changing a bit shift register, sequence functions and applications, controlling of two-axis & three axis Robots with PLC, Matrix functions.

### UNIT-VII

Distributed Control System (DCS) – Evolution – Different Architectures – Logical Control Unit – Operator Interface – Display – Engineering Interface.

## UNIT-VIII

DCS Applications to Power Plant – Iron and Steel Plants – Chemical Industries – Paper and Pulp Industries.

### **Text Books**:

- 1. Programmable Logic Controllers by W. Bolton, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2010
- 2. Programmable Logic Controllers- Principles and Applications by John W. Webb & Ronald A. Reiss, Fifth Edition, PHI
- 3. Distributed Control Systems by Michal P. Lucas, Van nostrand, Reinhold Co., 1986.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Programmable Logic Controllers- Programming Method and Applications –JR. Hackworth &F.D Hackworth Jr. –Pearson, 2004.
- 2. Distributed Computer Control of Industrial Automation by Popovic D and Bhatkar V. P, Marcel Dekkar Inc., 1990.

### **B.Tech IV-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

T P C 4 0 4

# (9A02806) EMBEDDED SYSTEMS (Elective – IV)

## **UNIT- I OVERVIEW OF EMBEDDED SYSTEM**

Embedded System, types of Embedded System, Requirements of Embedded System, Issues in Embedded software development, Applications.

# UNIT-II PROCESSOR & MEMORY ORGANIZATION

Structural units in a processor, Processor selection, Memory devices, Memory selection, Memory Allocation & Map, Interfacing

# **UNIT-III DEVICES & BUSES FOR DEVICE NETWORKS**

I/O devices, Timer & Counter devices, Serial Communication, Communication between devices using different buses.

# UNIT-IV DEVICE DRIVERS AND INTERRUPT SERVICING MECHANISM

Device drives, Parallel and serial port device drives in a system, Interrupt servicing mechanism, context and periods for context switching, Deadline and Interrupt Latency.

# UNIT V PROGRAM MODELING CONCEPTS

Program elements, Modeling Processes for Software Analysis, Programming Models, Modeling of Multiprocessor Systems.

# UNIT VI SOFTWARE ENGINEERING PRACTICES

Software algorithm Concepts, design, implementation, testing, validating, debugging, Software Management and maintenance.

## UNIT-VII HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE CO-DESIGN

Embedded system design and co design issues in software development, design cycle in development phase for Embedded System, Use of ICE & Software tools for development of ES, Issues in embedded system design.

# UNIT VIII RTOS

OS Services, I/O Sub Systems, Real Time and Embedded Systems OS, Interrupt routines in RTOS Environment, RTOS Task Scheduling Models.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Embedded Systems : Architecture, Programming and Design Rajkamal, TMH, 2003.
- 2. Programming for Embedded System: DreamTech Software Team-John Wiley -2002

### **REFERENCES:**

1. Embedded Systems & Robots by Subrata Ghoshal, CENGAGE Learning.

### B.Tech IV-II Sem. (E.E.E)

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# (9A02807) DESIGN OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS (Elective – IV)

## UNIT – I DESIGN ASPECTS OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Role of Statutes in Electrical System Design, Classification of Building Services, Design Aspects of Lighting, Design Aspects of Ventilation, Design Aspects of Climate Control, Design Aspects of Vertical Transportation, Design Aspects of Minor Building Services.

## UNIT – II ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS IN DOMESTIC BUILDINGS

Classification, Estimation of Load Requirements, Selection of Type of Wiring, Special Features Applicable for High-Rise Apartment Buildings, Pre-commissioning Tests.

# UNIT – III INDUSTRIAL INSTALLATIONS - I

Classification of Industrial Installation, General Characteristics, Selection of Distribution Architecture, Selection of Transformers and Sub Stations

# UNIT – IV INDUSTRIAL INSTALLATIONS - II

Short Circuit Studies, Fault Current Calculations, Earthing Design, Selection of Switch Gears: Electrical Protection, Protection of Circuit Elements, Persons & Life stack, Equipment, Electrical Isolation, Switch Gear Control, Switching Devices, Uses, Selective Co-ordination, Circuit Breakers and Their Selection.

# UNIT – V POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT

Nature of Reactive Energy, Power Factor, How to Improve Power Factor?, Economics of Power Factor Improvement, Location of Capacitors, Installation Precautions, Optimal Compensation, PF Correction of Induction Motors, Protection and Control, Voltage Transients, Switching Considerations.

## UNIT – VI POWER SYSTEM EARTHING

Introduction, Earthing, Types of System Earthing, Reasons for Grounding/ Earthing, TN System, TT System, IT System, Protective Measures and Protective Devices in IT System, Main Characteristics of

Earthing Systems, Selection Criteria for Earthing, Design Considerations of Earting, Measurement of Earth Resistance, Earth Leakage Protection, Neutral Earthing for Generators and Transformers.

# UNIT – VII POER QUALITY ISSUES AND RESONANCE PROBLEMS IN SYSTEMS DESIGN

Power Quality Issues, Harmonics, Sources of Harmonics, Disturbances Caused by Harmonics, Methods to reduce the Impact of Harmonics, Design the Detuned Capacitor Bank, IEEE Standard 519-1992 and Limits.

# UNIT - VIII ENERGY ECONOMICS IN SYSTEM DESIGN

Introduction, Time Value of Money, Single Payment Compound Amount Model (SPCA), Uniform Series Compound Amount Model (USCA), Uniform Series Present Worth Model (USPW), Depreciation, Tax Considerations, After Tax Analysis.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1. Electrical Systems Design by M. K. Giridharan, I. K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Design of Electrical Installations by Er. V. K. Jain and Er. Amitabh Bajaj, University Science Press.

### **B.Tech IV-II Sem. (E.E.E)**

4 0 4 (9A02808) ENERGY AUDITING & DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT (Elective – IV)

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## **UNIT - I INTRODUCTION**

Energy situation – world and India, energy consumption, conservation, Codes, standards and Legislation.

## **UNIT - II ENERGY AUDITING**

Energy audit- definitions, concept, types of audit, energy index, cost index, pie charts, Sankey diagrams, load profiles, Energy conservation schemes. Measurements in energy audits, presentation of energy audit results.

# UNIT - III ENERGY EFFICIENT MOTORS

Energy efficient motors, factors affecting efficiency, loss distribution, constructional details, characteristics variable speed, variable duty cycle systems, RMS hp- voltage variation-voltage unbalance- over motoring- motor energy audit.

## UNIT - IV POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT

Power factor – methods of improvement, location of capacitors, Pf with non linear loads, effect of harmonics on p.f., p.f motor controllers.

# **UNIT – V LIGHTING AND ENERGY INSTRUMENTS**

Good lighting system design and practice, lighting control ,lighting energy audit - Energy Instruments- watt meter, data loggers, thermocouples, pyrometers, lux meters, tongue testers ,application of PLC's

# UNIT – VI ENERGY ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

The time value of money concept, developing cash flow models, payback analysis, depreciation, taxes and tax credit - numerical problems.

## UNIT – VII DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT - I

Introduction to DSM, concept of DSM, benefits of DSM, different techniques of DSM – time of day pricing, multi-utility power exchange model, time of day models for planning.

## UNIT - VIII DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT - II

Load management, load priority technique, peak clipping, peak shifting, valley filling, strategic conservation, energy efficient equipment. Management and Organization of Energy Conservation awareness Programs.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1. Industrial Energy Management Systems, Arry C. White, Philip S. Schmidt, David R. Brown, Hemisphere Publishing Corporation, New York.
- 2. Fundamentals of Energy Engineering Albert Thumann, Prentice Hall Inc, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
- 3. Electrical Power distribution, A S. Pabla, TMH, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 2004
- 4. Demand Side Management, Jyothi Prakash, TMH Publishers.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Energy management by W.R. Murphy & G. Mckay Butter worth, Heinemann publications.
- 2. Energy management by Paul o' Callaghan, Mc-graw Hill Book company-1<sup>st</sup> edition, 1998
- 3. Energy efficient electric motors by John .C. Andreas, Marcel Dekker Inc Ltd-2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 1995-
- 4. Energy management hand book by W.C.Turner, John wiley and sons
- 5. Energy management and good lighting practice : fuel efficiencybooklet12-EEO

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- 6. Recent Advances in Control and Management of Energy Systems, D.P.Sen, K.R.Padiyar, Indrane Sen, M.A.Pai, Interline Publisher, Bangalore, 1993.
- 7. Energy Demand Analysis, Management and Conservation, Ashok V. Desai, Wiley Eastern, 2005.
- 8. Hand book on energy auditing TERI (Tata Energy Research Institute)

